

the russian revolution sheila fitzpatrick

The Russian Revolution Sheila Fitzpatrick: A Fresh Perspective on a Historic Upheaval

the russian revolution sheila fitzpatrick offers a compelling and nuanced view of one of the most transformative events of the 20th century. Sheila Fitzpatrick, a renowned historian, has redefined how we understand the Russian Revolution by focusing not only on the dramatic political shifts but also on the social dynamics, everyday lives, and cultural changes that unfolded during this turbulent period. Her scholarship provides readers with a deeper, more humanized look into the revolution, moving beyond the usual grand narratives of Bolshevik leaders and battles to explore the lived experiences of ordinary Russians.

Sheila Fitzpatrick: Who Is She and Why Does Her Work Matter?

Sheila Fitzpatrick is an Australian-American historian specializing in Soviet history, particularly the Stalinist era and the Russian Revolution. Her academic work has been influential in reshaping the field of Russian studies by emphasizing social history and the experiences of ordinary citizens rather than just elite political figures. Fitzpatrick's approach has earned her recognition as one of the leading experts on Soviet history, and her analyses often challenge traditional Cold War interpretations.

From Political History to Social History

Before Fitzpatrick's contributions, much of the scholarship on the Russian Revolution centered on political ideologies, key leaders like Lenin and Trotsky, and military conflicts. Fitzpatrick expanded this focus by exploring questions such as:

- How did the revolution affect the daily lives of workers and peasants?
- What social policies did the Bolsheviks implement, and how were they received?
- How did urbanization and industrialization influence revolutionary fervor?

By addressing these questions, she broadened the scope of the Russian Revolution's study, making it more accessible and relatable to a wider audience.

The Russian Revolution Sheila Fitzpatrick: Key Themes in Her Work

Fitzpatrick's work revolves around several central themes that help us better understand the complexities of the Russian Revolution and its aftermath.

Everyday Life in Revolutionary Russia

One of Fitzpatrick's most significant contributions is her emphasis on the "everyday life" of Russians during and after the revolution. Rather than viewing the revolution solely through the lens of political upheaval, she examines how ordinary citizens coped with the chaos and uncertainty. This includes studying housing shortages, food rationing, labor conditions, and the shifting roles of women and families.

For example, Fitzpatrick's research reveals how the Bolsheviks' attempts to modernize society through policies like communal living and state-run childcare aimed to reshape social relations. These reforms were revolutionary in their own right, impacting how people related to one another and to the state.

Urban Society and the Proletariat

Fitzpatrick places particular emphasis on the urban working class, often described as the proletariat, who were both drivers and victims of revolutionary change. Her studies show that while workers initially supported Bolshevik promises of “peace, land, and bread,” their enthusiasm was tempered by harsh economic realities, strikes, and political repression.

Understanding the complexities of urban life during this era provides insight into the Bolshevik strategy for maintaining power and the challenges they faced in consolidating the revolution.

The Role of Women in the Revolution

Another key area of Fitzpatrick’s scholarship is the evolving role of women during the Russian Revolution and early Soviet period. She highlights how Bolshevik policies promoted gender equality in theory, encouraging women’s participation in the workforce and political life. However, Fitzpatrick also points out the contradictions and limitations of these policies, as traditional gender roles and societal expectations persisted.

This perspective enriches our understanding of the revolution by showcasing how social transformation was not just political but also deeply personal and cultural.

Sheila Fitzpatrick and the Revisionist Interpretation of the Russian Revolution

The term “revisionist” is often associated with Sheila Fitzpatrick’s historical approach. Revisionist historians challenge earlier, more orthodox interpretations—especially those shaped by Cold War ideologies—that tended to depict the Russian Revolution as a monolithic, inevitable march toward

totalitarianism.

Challenging the Totalitarian Narrative

Fitzpatrick's revisionism argues that the Soviet system was more complex and fluid than previous portrayals suggested. She emphasizes the role of negotiation, resistance, and adaptation among Soviet citizens, rather than simply viewing them as victims of an all-powerful state apparatus.

Her work encourages readers to think critically about power dynamics during the revolution and to consider the diverse motivations and experiences of people living through these momentous changes.

Importance of Social History in Soviet Studies

By incorporating social history into the study of the Russian Revolution, Fitzpatrick helps to fill gaps left by political and military histories. This holistic approach allows historians and readers alike to appreciate the multifaceted nature of revolutionary Russia, where ideology, culture, economics, and individual agency intersected.

Impact and Legacy of Sheila Fitzpatrick's Work on the Russian Revolution

Sheila Fitzpatrick's scholarship has had a profound impact on both academic circles and public understanding of the Russian Revolution. Her books, articles, and lectures continue to influence historians, students, and anyone interested in this pivotal historical event.

Popular Works and Their Contributions

Some of her most influential books include:

- **The Russian Revolution** (1982): A concise yet comprehensive overview of the revolution, blending political and social history.
- **Everyday Stalinism** (1999): Though focused on the Stalinist period, this work builds on her revolutionary studies by examining how Soviet citizens navigated life under authoritarian rule.
- **Stalin's Peasants** (1994): Offers insight into how rural populations experienced revolutionary policies and collectivization.

These works have become essential reading for those seeking a balanced view of Soviet history.

Educational Influence and Historical Debates

Fitzpatrick's approach has inspired a generation of historians to explore lesser-known aspects of the revolution, such as cultural shifts, gender relations, and social policies. Her work encourages critical thinking and nuanced discussions, moving beyond simplistic narratives.

For students and enthusiasts, engaging with Fitzpatrick's research is invaluable for gaining a more comprehensive understanding of the Russian Revolution's complexity.

Exploring the Russian Revolution Through Sheila Fitzpatrick's Lens: Tips for Readers

If you're interested in delving into the Russian Revolution with Fitzpatrick's perspective in mind, here are some helpful tips:

- **Start with social history:** Look beyond political leaders and battles to understand how ordinary people lived during this time.
- **Consider multiple viewpoints:** Fitzpatrick's revisionist approach encourages questioning dominant narratives and exploring diverse experiences.
- **Pay attention to gender and class:** Analyze how different social groups experienced the revolution differently.
- **Read her primary works:** To fully appreciate her insights, read her key books and articles that detail the everyday dynamics of revolutionary Russia.
- **Connect to broader Soviet history:** Understanding the revolution's impact requires seeing it as part of a longer process, including the Stalinist era and beyond.

By adopting these strategies, readers can engage more deeply with the complexities of the Russian Revolution and appreciate the rich scholarship that Sheila Fitzpatrick has contributed to this field.

The Russian Revolution, as interpreted by Sheila Fitzpatrick, is far more than a simple story of political upheaval. It is a tapestry woven from the experiences of millions, shaped by social change, cultural shifts, and human resilience. Through her work, we gain a clearer, more textured understanding of this epochal event—one that continues to resonate in history and scholarship today.

Frequently Asked Questions

Who is Sheila Fitzpatrick in the context of the Russian Revolution?

Sheila Fitzpatrick is a renowned historian specializing in Soviet history, particularly known for her works on the Russian Revolution and Stalinist period. She provides detailed analysis of the social and political dynamics of the era.

What is Sheila Fitzpatrick's interpretation of the causes of the Russian Revolution?

Sheila Fitzpatrick emphasizes the role of social and economic factors, including the struggles of the working class and peasantry, as well as the failures of the Tsarist regime, as critical causes leading to the Russian Revolution.

How does Sheila Fitzpatrick's work differ from traditional narratives of the Russian Revolution?

Fitzpatrick's work often challenges traditional top-down narratives by focusing on grassroots movements, everyday experiences, and social history, providing a more nuanced understanding of the revolution's impact on ordinary people.

What are some key books by Sheila Fitzpatrick about the Russian Revolution?

Some key books by Sheila Fitzpatrick include 'The Russian Revolution,' 'Everyday Stalinism,' and 'The Cultural Front,' which explore different aspects of Soviet history from the revolution through the Stalinist era.

Why is Sheila Fitzpatrick's perspective important for studying the Russian Revolution?

Her perspective is important because it incorporates social history and the experiences of common people, which broadens the understanding of the revolution beyond political leaders and ideology,

highlighting its complexity and human dimension.

Additional Resources

The Russian Revolution Sheila Fitzpatrick: A Scholarly Perspective on a Transformative Epoch

the russian revolution sheila fitzpatrick emerges as a pivotal phrase in contemporary historiography, representing the in-depth analyses and interpretative frameworks offered by one of the foremost historians of Soviet history. Sheila Fitzpatrick, renowned for her extensive research on Soviet society and the Stalinist era, provides unique insights into the complexities and nuances of the Russian Revolution. Her scholarship moves beyond traditional narratives, engaging with the social, political, and cultural dimensions that shaped this transformative period. In this article, we examine Fitzpatrick's contributions to understanding the Russian Revolution, situating her work within broader historiographical debates and exploring the implications of her findings for both academic and popular understandings of early Soviet history.

Sheila Fitzpatrick's Approach to the Russian Revolution

Sheila Fitzpatrick's work on the Russian Revolution is characterized by a rigorous, social history methodology that emphasizes the lived experiences of ordinary people during the upheavals of 1917 and the subsequent civil war. Unlike earlier historians who often focused primarily on political elites and ideological battles, Fitzpatrick highlights the agency of workers, peasants, and party activists, exploring how revolutionary ideals translated into everyday realities.

Her landmark studies delve into the dynamics of social change, examining how class structures, gender roles, and urban-rural relations evolved amid the chaos of revolution and civil strife. This approach aligns with the "history from below" perspective, which seeks to recover the voices and actions of marginalized groups traditionally overlooked in grand political narratives.

Reinterpreting the Bolshevik Revolution

One of Fitzpatrick's key contributions is her reinterpretation of the Bolshevik seizure of power in October 1917. Moving away from deterministic or teleological accounts, she depicts the revolution as a contested and contingent process, shaped by a confluence of social pressures, political maneuvering, and ideological contestation.

In her analysis, the Bolsheviks are neither monolithic villains nor heroic saviors but complex actors operating within a volatile environment. This nuanced portrayal challenges Cold War-era historiography, which often polarized Soviet history into simplistic binaries. Fitzpatrick's work encourages a more sophisticated understanding of the motivations and constraints that influenced revolutionary leaders and their followers.

The Russian Revolution in Fitzpatrick's Broader Soviet

Scholarship

Sheila Fitzpatrick's expertise extends beyond the revolution itself, encompassing the broader trajectory of Soviet history, particularly under Stalin. Her studies on Stalinism illuminate how the revolutionary ideals were transformed—or, in some cases, betrayed—during the 1920s and 1930s. This broader context enriches her interpretation of the revolution, emphasizing continuity and change within Soviet political culture.

From Revolution to Stalinism: Continuities and Ruptures

Fitzpatrick's scholarship traces the evolution from revolutionary zeal to authoritarian consolidation. She explores how the initial goals of social justice and workers' empowerment gave way to centralized control and repression. Her research on social policies, party dynamics, and everyday life under Stalin

reveals the complexities involved in this transition.

By situating the Russian Revolution within the longer Soviet experience, Fitzpatrick underscores the dialectical relationship between revolutionary aspirations and the realities of governance. This perspective is essential for understanding the paradoxes of Soviet history and the enduring legacies of the 1917 upheavals.

Key Themes in Fitzpatrick's Analysis of the Russian Revolution

Several recurring themes emerge in Sheila Fitzpatrick's work that shed light on the multidimensional character of the Russian Revolution:

- **Social Transformation:** Fitzpatrick emphasizes the revolution's impact on social hierarchies, focusing on how class identities were renegotiated and how new forms of social organization emerged.
- **Urban and Rural Dynamics:** Her research highlights the differing experiences of urban workers and rural peasants, illustrating the challenges of implementing revolutionary policies across diverse social landscapes.
- **Gender and Revolution:** Fitzpatrick draws attention to the role of women in the revolutionary movement and examines how gender relations were affected by the upheaval.
- **Everyday Life and Popular Culture:** A distinctive feature of her scholarship is the investigation of how ordinary people navigated the uncertainties of the revolutionary period, including changes in work, family life, and political participation.

Critical Reception and Debates

While Fitzpatrick's work has been widely acclaimed for its depth and originality, it has also sparked debates within the field. Some critics argue that her focus on social history risks underplaying the importance of ideology and political power struggles. Others contend that emphasizing continuity between the revolution and Stalinism may obscure moments of radical rupture.

Nevertheless, her scholarship remains influential, inspiring new generations of historians to explore Soviet history through diverse lenses and methodologies. By integrating archival research with theoretical insights, Fitzpatrick has reinvigorated discussions about the Russian Revolution's causes, consequences, and meanings.

Comparing Fitzpatrick with Other Historians of the Russian Revolution

In the landscape of Russian revolutionary studies, Fitzpatrick's work stands alongside other prominent historians such as Richard Pipes, Orlando Figes, and Alexander Rabinowitch. Each offers distinct interpretations informed by their historiographical traditions and ideological perspectives.

- **Richard Pipes:** Known for his critical stance on the Bolsheviks, Pipes emphasizes the authoritarian and violent nature of the revolution, offering a more negative assessment than Fitzpatrick's nuanced social history.
- **Orlando Figes:** Figes combines cultural history with political narrative, focusing on the emotional and psychological dimensions of revolutionary experience, complementing Fitzpatrick's emphasis on everyday life.
- **Alexander Rabinowitch:** His work emphasizes the democratic and popular aspects of the

revolution, particularly focusing on the Petrograd Soviet and grassroots activism, intersecting with Fitzpatrick's interest in social agency.

This comparative framework demonstrates how Fitzpatrick's contributions help balance and enrich the historiographical debate, fostering a more comprehensive understanding of the Russian Revolution.

Implications for Modern Scholarship and Public Understanding

The insights derived from Fitzpatrick's research have implications beyond academia. They inform how educators, policymakers, and the public engage with the history of revolutionary Russia. By presenting the revolution as a complex, multifaceted event shaped by diverse actors and social forces, her work encourages a critical re-examination of simplistic or ideological portrayals.

Moreover, Fitzpatrick's focus on social history resonates with contemporary interests in the experiences of marginalized groups and the intersections of politics and culture. This relevance ensures that her analysis of the Russian Revolution remains vital for ongoing discussions about revolutions, social change, and authoritarianism worldwide.

The Russian Revolution Sheila Fitzpatrick explores is not merely a historical event frozen in time but a dynamic episode whose interpretations continue to evolve. Her scholarship offers a model for rigorous, empathetic, and critical inquiry into one of the twentieth century's most consequential upheavals. As debates about the revolution's legacy persist, Fitzpatrick's work stands as a touchstone for understanding the complex interplay of ideology, power, and society that defined this epoch.

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The Russian Revolution had a decisive impact on the history of the twentieth century. Now, following the collapse of the Soviet regime and the opening of its archives, it is possible to step back and see the full picture. In this classic work, the author incorporates data from archives that were previously inaccessible not only to Western but also to Soviet historians, as well as drawing on important recent Russian publications such as the memoirs of one of the great survivors of Soviet politics, Vyacheslav Molotov. Impeccable in its scholarship and objectivity, the book tells a gripping story of a Marxist revolution that was intended to transform the world, visited enormous suffering on the Russian people, and, like the French Revolution before it, ended up by devouring its own children. In a concluding section that will be of great interest to scholars in the field as well as the general reader, the author treats the Stalinist Great Purges as the last act of the drama of the Russian Revolution.

the russian revolution sheila fitzpatrick: **The Russian Revolution** Sheila Fitzpatrick,

2017-09-29 The Russian Revolution had a decisive impact on the history of the twentieth century. In the years following the collapse of the Soviet regime and the opening of its archives, it has become possible to step back and see the full picture. Starting with an overview of the roots of the revolution, Fitzpatrick takes the story from 1917, through Stalin's 'revolution from above', to the great purges of the 1930s. She tells a gripping story of a Marxist revolution that was intended to transform the world, visited enormous suffering on the Russian people, and, like the French Revolution before it, ended up by devouring its own children. This updated edition contains a fully revised bibliography and updated introduction to address the centenary, what does it all mean in retrospect.

the russian revolution sheila fitzpatrick: **The Russian Revolution** Sheila Fitzpatrick,

2008-02-28 This fully updated new edition of Sheila Fitzpatrick's classic short history of the Russian Revolution takes into account the new evidence that has come to light since the collapse of the Soviet Union in 1991, incorporating material that was previously inaccessible not only to Western but also to Soviet historians

the russian revolution sheila fitzpatrick: The Russian Revolution of 1917 - Memory and

Legacy Carol S. Leonard, Daniel Orlovsky, Jurej Petrov, 2024-07-30 The way in which the Russian Revolution of October 1917 is regarded and commemorated has changed considerably over time, and is a contentious subject, well demonstrated by the absence of any official commemoration in Russia in 2017, a huge contrast to the very large celebrations which took place in Soviet times. This book, which brings together a range of leading historians of the Russian Revolution—from both Russia and the West, and both younger and older historians—explores the changes in the way in which the October 1917 Revolution is commemorated, and also examines fundamental questions about what the Russian Revolution—indeed what any revolution—was anyway. Among the issues covered are how Soviet and Western historians diverged in their early assessments of what the Revolution achieved, how the period studied by historians has recently extended both much earlier before 1917 and much later afterwards, and how views of the Revolution within the Soviet Union changed over time from acceptance of the official Communist Party interpretation to more independent viewpoints. Overall, the book provides a major reassessment of one of the twentieth century's most important events.

the russian revolution sheila fitzpatrick: **The Shortest History of the Soviet Union** Sheila

Fitzpatrick, 2022-03-01 The story of an empire made and an empire undone – and what emerged from the ashes – by one of the world's leading authorities on Soviet Russia. Soviet Russia arrived in the world accidentally and departed unexpectedly. More than a hundred years after the Russian Revolution, the tumultuous history of the Soviet Union continues to fascinate us and influence global politics. Here is an irresistible entree to a sweeping history. From revolution and Lenin to Stalin's Great Terror, from World War II to Gorbachev's perestroika policies, this is a lively, authoritative distillation of seventy-five years of communist rule and the collapse of an empire. Sheila Fitzpatrick shows us the fate of countries often left out of discussions of the Soviet age, provides vivid portraits

of key Soviet figures and traces the aftermath of the regime's unexpected fall- the rise of Vladimir Putin, a creature of the Soviet system but not a Soviet nostalgic; and how China learned from the Soviet collapse. The Shortest History of the Soviet Union is a small masterpiece, replete with telling detail and peppered with some very black humour. 'Fitzpatrick's hugely authoritative The Shortest History of the Soviet Union is all the more lively for leaving open the many possible outcomes of Soviet evolution.' -The Times Literary Supplement 'Sheila Fitzpatrick's The Shortest History of the Soviet Union is an opportunity for the world-renowned Australian Sovietologist to present history with greater nuance than the lingering Cold War version of the Black Marias, bread lines and gulags.' -Kurt Johnson, The Saturday Age

the russian revolution sheila fitzpatrick: The Russian Revolutions of 1917 Kari Aga Myklebost, Jens Petter Nielsen, Andrei Rogatchevski, 2020-04-14 The year 2017 saw a multitude of conferences and exhibitions devoted to the centenary of the Russian Revolutions, both in Russia and in other parts of the world. The commemoration of this event would be incomplete without an exploration of its Northern dimension; in October 2017, UiT The Arctic University of Norway hosted the conference The Russian Revolutions of 1917: The Northern Impact and Beyond. Norway and Russia are both northern states, and the two countries have a common border in the High North. Some articles in this volume, based on the conference proceedings, investigate the impact of the Russian Revolution in Norway and Sweden, while others deal with the High North, e.g. the Revolution and Civil War in Northern Russia and the radicalization of the workers' movement of Northern Norway; some are also devoted to representations of the Russian Revolution at exhibitions and on the big screen.

the russian revolution sheila fitzpatrick: The Russian Revolution Stewart Ross, 2002 Analyses the events of the 1917 revolution in Russia, from its roots in the Russian empire of the late nineteenth century through to the revolutionary years of 1917-24 and beyond. Considers the legacy for the Soviet Union, right up to the fall of communism in 1989-91, and surveys the revolution's influence on the twentieth-century world. Suggested level: secondary.

the russian revolution sheila fitzpatrick: Nadeshda Konstantinowna Krupskaja - Ich war Zeugin der größten Revolution in der Welt Volker Hoffmann, 2016-03-16 Fast 30 Jahre nach der bisher einzigen deutschsprachigen Publikation zu Krupskaja liegt nun endlich eine neue Biografie dieser vielfach unterschätzten Persönlichkeit der Zeitgeschichte vor. Sie zeigt Lenins Frau und Kampfgefährtin als Vorbild für Menschen, die nach einer besseren Welt suchen. Das Buch ist deshalb so lehrreich, weil es die unendliche Kleinarbeit aufzeigt, in der dieser russische Umsturz vorbereitet worden ist. So Kurt Tucholsky 1930 über Krupskajas Erinnerungen an Lenin, Teil I. Sein Satz könnte auch über dem vorliegenden Buch stehen. Thema ist hier ebenfalls die revolutionäre Kleinarbeit, aber nicht nur die vor der Oktoberrevolution, sondern auch die während des gesamten sozialistischen Aufbaus geleistete, vor allem in der Volksbildung und bei Frauen, Kindern und Jugendlichen. Das Buch stellt die Frau vor, die einen Großteil davon - an der Seite - Lenins bewältigt hat: Nadeshda Konstantinowna Krupskaja (1869-1939). Gestützt auf zahlreiche, teilweise bisher kaum bekannte Lebenszeugnisse von Krupskaja und die neuere deutsch- und englischsprachige Fachliteratur sowie einige neue russischsprachige Publikationen verfolgt das Buch den Weg eines gut behüteten Mädchens aus dem verarmten Adel Russlands bis zur Entscheidung der 26jährigen, Revolutionärin zu werden. Vor dem auch dem nicht vorinformierten Leser gut verständlich geschilderten historisch-politischen Hintergrund der Entwicklung Sowjetrusslands erhält der Leser Einblick in den von Krupskaja geführten Kampf gegen das Analphabetentum, in die turbulenten Auseinandersetzungen über die Volksbildung, die neue Schule und die neuen Bibliotheken, in Erfolge und Probleme der antireligiösen Aufklärung. Ein Buch, das eine Frau vorstellt, der es versagt war, Kinder zu bekommen, und die darum umso mehr für sie gelebt und gekämpft hat und ein Vorbild für junge Menschen sein kann, die nach einer besseren Welt suchen, wie sie es getan hat.

the russian revolution sheila fitzpatrick: The Charisma of World Revolution Gleb J. Albert, 2022-12-28 That the idea of world revolution was crucial for the Bolshevik leaders in the

years following the 1917 revolution is a well-known fact. But what did the party's rank and file make of it? How did it resonate with the general population? And what can a social history of international solidarity tell us about the transformation of Soviet society from NEP to Stalinism? This book undertakes the first in-depth analysis of the discourses and practices of internationalism in early Soviet society during the years of revolution, civil war and NEP, using forgotten archival materials and contemporary sources.

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the russian revolution sheila fitzpatrick: Everyday Stalinism Sheila Fitzpatrick, 1999-03-04 Here is a pioneering account of everyday life under Stalin, written by a leading authority on modern

Russian history. Focusing on the urban population, Fitzpatrick depicts a world of privation, overcrowding, endless lines, and broken homes, in which the regime's promises of future socialist abundance rang hollowly. We read of a government bureaucracy that often turned life into a nightmare, and of how ordinary citizens tried to circumvent it. We also read of the secret police, whose constant surveillance was endemic at this time, and the waves of terror, like the Great Purges of 1937, which periodically cast society into turmoil.

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the russian revolution sheila fitzpatrick: *Stalinism and the Dialectics of Saturn* Douglas Greene, 2023-03-20 This study examines the complicated legacy of Stalinism in the twentieth century. The descent of the Russian Revolution into Stalinism has given rise to an oft-accepted truism that revolutions are like Saturn and will devour their own children. For anticommunists, Stalinism is condemned as a "bolt from blue," whether an insidious contagion, Big Brother, or totalitarian reason that socialism cannot escape from. On the other end, Communists and their fellow-travelers have seen Stalinism as a force of historical necessity and the only way for the working class to reach a communist society. Both these twin camps accept a Dialectic of Saturn where Stalinism, whether for evil or good, is the preordained fate of all socialist revolutions. However, there is another position that views Stalinism as the product of material circumstance and class struggle. This position was represented by Leon Trotsky in his seminal work *The Revolution Betrayed*. In contrast to those who accept a mystical dialectic of Saturn, Trotsky argued that Stalinism can be rationally explained and was not inevitable outcome of socialism.

the russian revolution sheila fitzpatrick: *Mastering Twentieth-Century Russian History* Norman Lowe, 2020-08-29 *Mastering Twentieth Century Russian History* presents a vivid and informative account of the events which befell the Russian people during the course of the twentieth century. - Explores the major developments of the last century, from the revolution of 1905, to the First and Second World Wars, to the Cold War and the rise and fall of the USSR - Examines key figures and their actions - from Nicholas II, Lenin, Trotsky, Stalin, Khrushchev, Brezhnev, Gorbachev and Yeltsin to Putin - Deals with events right up to 2000, enabling the Soviet experiment to be placed in context a decade after its collapse - Incorporates the latest research from British, American and Russian historians, examining key controversies and debates - Includes primary source material, maps, photographs, posters and a full chronology of events This text is the ideal companion for anyone seeking a clear yet detailed introduction to the fascinating events of twentieth century Russian history.

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Prim. MUDr. Tomáš Ventruba, Ph.D., MPH, LL.M., MBA MUDr. Ventruba je renomovaný plastický chirurg a světově uznávaný specialista na operace obličeje. V této oblasti je považován za špičku ve svém oboru

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