the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid

The Complex Layers of Identity in *The Reluctant Fundamentalist* by Mohsin Hamid

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid is much more than just a novel; it's an evocative exploration of identity, cultural conflict, and the nuanced aftermath of 9/11 through the eyes of a Pakistani man living in America. This compelling narrative invites readers to question preconceived notions about loyalty, belonging, and the meaning of fundamentalism itself. As we dive into the intricate storytelling and thematic depth of Mohsin Hamid's work, we uncover a rich tapestry of emotions, political commentary, and personal transformation that continues to resonate in today's globalized world.

Understanding the Narrative Style of *The Reluctant Fundamentalist* by Mohsin Hamid

One of the most striking aspects of *The Reluctant Fundamentalist by Mohsin Hamid* is its unique narrative structure. The novel is presented as a dramatic monologue, a storytelling technique that creates an intimate conversation between the protagonist, Changez, and an unnamed American visitor. This format not only heightens the tension but also forces the reader to grapple with Changez's perspective without external narrative interference.

The Power of the Dramatic Monologue

Using a single voice to narrate the entire story allows Hamid to immerse readers deeply into Changez's internal conflicts and evolving mindset. The monologue gives a sense of immediacy and personal connection, making Changez's experiences—from his early days as a Princeton graduate to his disenchantment with America—feel raw and authentic. This approach challenges readers to interpret the subtext and read between the lines, adding layers of ambiguity and complexity to the story.

Key Themes Explored in *The Reluctant Fundamentalist* by Mohsin Hamid

At its core, *The Reluctant Fundamentalist by Mohsin Hamid* grapples with themes that are as relevant today as they were when the novel was published. These include identity crisis, post-9/11 cultural tensions, and the notion of "fundamentalism" itself, which is cleverly interrogated through the protagonist's transformation.

Identity and Belonging

Changez's journey is essentially one of self-discovery and questioning where he truly belongs. As a Pakistani immigrant thriving in the United States, he initially embodies the American Dream—excelling academically and professionally. However, the events of 9/11 serve as a catalyst for his growing alienation. Hamid uses Changez's story to explore how identity is fluid and often influenced by external socio-political forces.

Post-9/11 Alienation and Suspicion

The novel vividly captures the shift in American societal attitudes post-9/11. Changez experiences suspicion, prejudice, and a loss of trust, which reflect the larger experience of many Muslim and South Asian communities during this period. Hamid doesn't just depict these issues but invites readers to empathize with the complexity of living between two worlds fraught with misunderstanding.

Reevaluating the Meaning of Fundamentalism

The title itself is provocative. Changez is "reluctant" not because he embraces extremism, but because he questions the labels imposed on him. The novel challenges the simplistic binary of "fundamentalist" versus "moderate" and critiques how political rhetoric often distorts personal and cultural identities.

Character Analysis: Changez as a Symbol of Conflict and Change

Changez is more than just a protagonist; he embodies the internal and external conflicts faced by many immigrants and people caught in geopolitical struggles. His character development is nuanced, marked by moments of pride, disillusionment, and reflection.

From Ambition to Alienation

At the beginning of the novel, Changez is ambitious, confident, and eager to assimilate into American culture. His success at Princeton and his job at a prestigious valuation firm symbolize his initial embrace of Western values. However, as the story progresses, Changez becomes increasingly critical of the capitalist ethos and American foreign policy. This shift highlights a profound internal conflict between his desire for acceptance and his growing awareness of injustice.

The Complexity of Changez's Relationship with America

Changez's relationship with America is paradoxical—he both loves and resents

the country. His romantic involvement with Erica, a symbol of American culture, parallels his fluctuating feelings. This complexity reflects the broader immigrant experience of negotiating multiple identities and reconciling cultural differences.

Mohsin Hamid's Literary Techniques and Style

Hamid's prose in *The Reluctant Fundamentalist by Mohsin Hamid* is elegant and economical, yet deeply evocative. His writing style enhances the novel's themes and emotional impact.

Use of Symbolism and Metaphor

Hamid weaves symbolism throughout the novel—from the changing seasons to the decaying cityscape of Lahore—to mirror Changez's inner transformation. The metaphor of valuation, a central motif tied to Changez's professional life, also serves as a critique of how people and cultures are "measured" and judged in capitalist societies.

Ambiguity and Open-Endedness

The novel deliberately leaves many questions unanswered, especially concerning the true intentions of Changez's conversation partner and the outcome of their encounter. This ambiguity invites readers to engage critically, fostering discussions about trust, prejudice, and the nature of storytelling itself.

Why *The Reluctant Fundamentalist* by Mohsin Hamid Remains Relevant

More than a decade after its publication, *The Reluctant Fundamentalist by Mohsin Hamid* continues to resonate with readers worldwide. Its exploration of identity, cultural misunderstandings, and political tensions speaks to ongoing global conversations about immigration, terrorism, and multiculturalism.

Insights into Globalization and Cultural Exchange

Hamid's novel offers valuable insights into the complexities of globalization, where cultures intersect and clash in unexpected ways. Changez's story reminds us that beneath political headlines and stereotypes lie real human experiences shaped by history, emotion, and personal growth.

Encouraging Empathy and Dialogue

By presenting a multifaceted protagonist and a story rich with nuance, the novel encourages empathy and open dialogue. It challenges readers to question their own biases and consider perspectives often marginalized in mainstream discourse.

Tips for Readers Approaching *The Reluctant Fundamentalist* by Mohsin Hamid

If you're new to this novel or planning to revisit it, here are some suggestions to deepen your reading experience:

- Pay attention to the narrative voice: Notice how Changez's tone shifts throughout the story, reflecting his changing emotions and viewpoints.
- Consider the historical context: Understanding the post-9/11 political climate enhances comprehension of the novel's themes and character motivations.
- Reflect on the title: Think about what "reluctant fundamentalism" means and how it challenges conventional definitions.
- Engage with the ambiguity: Embrace the open-ended questions and form your own interpretations rather than seeking definitive answers.

Exploring *The Reluctant Fundamentalist by Mohsin Hamid* offers a profound journey through cultural identity, political tension, and personal transformation. Its layered narrative and thought-provoking themes make it a powerful read for anyone interested in contemporary literature that grapples with the complexities of our interconnected world.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the central theme of 'The Reluctant Fundamentalist' by Mohsin Hamid?

'The Reluctant Fundamentalist' primarily explores themes of identity, cultural conflict, and the impact of political events on personal lives, especially in the context of post-9/11 tensions between the East and the West.

Who is the protagonist in 'The Reluctant Fundamentalist' and what is his background?

The protagonist is Changez, a young Pakistani man who moves to the United States for education and a promising career but becomes disillusioned with American society after 9/11.

How does 9/11 influence the narrative and character development in the novel?

The events of 9/11 serve as a turning point for Changez, triggering a shift in his perception of America and leading to his growing alienation and eventual rejection of his previous American identity.

What narrative style is used in 'The Reluctant Fundamentalist'?

The novel is written as a dramatic monologue, where Changez narrates his story directly to an unnamed American listener in a cafe in Lahore, creating an intimate and suspenseful dialogue.

How does Mohsin Hamid address the concept of fundamentalism in the novel?

Hamid uses the term 'fundamentalist' ironically to challenge stereotypes, showing that Changez's reluctance is not about religious extremism but about fundamental questions of identity and loyalty.

What role does Changez's relationship with Erica play in the story?

Erica symbolizes Changez's connection to America and his past aspirations; their troubled relationship mirrors his growing disillusionment and cultural alienation.

How does the novel explore the theme of East vs. West cultural conflict?

'The Reluctant Fundamentalist' juxtaposes Changez's Pakistani heritage with his experiences in America, highlighting misunderstandings, prejudices, and the complexities of straddling two cultures.

What is the significance of the novel's ambiguous ending?

The ambiguous ending leaves readers questioning Changez's intentions and the nature of his fundamentalism, inviting multiple interpretations about trust, identity, and political allegiance.

Has 'The Reluctant Fundamentalist' been adapted into other media?

Yes, the novel was adapted into a film in 2012 directed by Mira Nair, which brought the story to a wider audience and visually explored its themes of identity and cultural conflict.

Additional Resources

The Reluctant Fundamentalist by Mohsin Hamid: A Deep Dive into Identity and Post-9/11 Tensions

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid stands as a significant literary work that explores the complex themes of identity, cultural conflict, and the aftermath of the September 11 attacks. Since its publication in 2007, this novel has sparked widespread discussion for its nuanced portrayal of a Pakistani protagonist navigating life in post-9/11 America. Mohsin Hamid's narrative challenges readers to reconsider preconceived notions about nationalism, terrorism, and the immigrant experience through a compelling, suspenseful story.

In-depth Analysis: Themes and Narrative Style

At the heart of the reluctant fundamentalist by Mohsin Hamid is the story of Changez, a young Pakistani man who moves to the United States to attend Princeton University and pursue a career in finance. The novel is structured as a dramatic monologue, with Changez recounting his experiences to an American stranger in a café in Lahore. This framing device creates an intense, intimate atmosphere, allowing readers to engage directly with Changez's internal conflicts and evolving worldview.

The Exploration of Identity and Alienation

One of the most compelling aspects of the reluctant fundamentalist by Mohsin Hamid is its exploration of identity. Changez's journey illustrates the pressure faced by immigrants to assimilate into Western culture while grappling with their native heritage. Early in the novel, Changez embraces the American Dream, excelling academically and professionally. However, the events of 9/11 become a turning point, triggering a profound sense of alienation and suspicion—both from others and within himself.

This theme resonates strongly in contemporary discussions about multiculturalism and the immigrant experience. Hamid deftly portrays how external political events can reshape personal identity, highlighting the fragility of acceptance in a society marked by fear and prejudice.

Post-9/11 America as a Backdrop

The reluctant fundamentalist by Mohsin Hamid is set against the backdrop of post-9/11 America, a period marked by heightened security, racial profiling, and a surge in Islamophobia. This context is not only central to the plot but also serves as a critique of American foreign policy and cultural paranoia. Hamid's narrative challenges the reader to understand the psychological impact of these socio-political changes on individuals like Changez.

Through Changez's experiences—ranging from professional success to being scrutinized and ultimately ostracized—the novel interrogates the consequences of stereotyping and the erosion of civil liberties. The story provides a nuanced perspective on how global events can influence domestic attitudes and interpersonal relationships, making it a timely and relevant work in

Literary Style and Symbolism

Mohsin Hamid's prose in the reluctant fundamentalist is marked by its clarity and evocative power. The novel's use of a single narrator and a conversational tone draws readers into Changez's psyche, making the unfolding drama intensely personal. The ambiguous ending, where the American listener's intentions remain unclear, adds to the novel's suspense and invites multiple interpretations.

Symbolism is woven throughout the narrative. For example, Changez's job at a valuation firm symbolizes the commodification of human value and the capitalist ethos of America. His gradual disillusionment mirrors the broader discontent with globalization and Western dominance. Moreover, the title itself—"the reluctant fundamentalist"—provokes questions about what fundamentalism truly means, suggesting it may stem from external pressures rather than inherent beliefs.

Comparative Context and Reception

When compared to other post-9/11 literature, such as Khaled Hosseini's The Kite Runner or Dave Eggers' What Is the What, the reluctant fundamentalist by Mohsin Hamid stands out for its psychological depth and political subtlety. While many works focus on victimhood or explicit acts of violence, Hamid's novel emphasizes internal conflict and the gray areas of loyalty and identity.

Critically, the reluctant fundamentalist has been praised for its balanced portrayal of complex issues without resorting to didacticism or stereotype. It has also been adapted into a film, further extending its reach and impact. However, some readers critique the novel's ambiguity, particularly the openended nature of its conclusion, which leaves questions unanswered about Changez's true intentions.

Pros and Cons of the Narrative Approach

- **Pros:** The first-person narrative creates intimacy and immediacy, allowing a deep emotional connection with Changez. The conversational style invites readers to question their biases, enhancing the novel's thematic power.
- Cons: The singular perspective may limit understanding of other characters' motivations. The ambiguous ending can be frustrating for readers seeking closure.

Relevance in Contemporary Discourse

More than a decade after its release, the reluctant fundamentalist by Mohsin Hamid remains relevant in global conversations about immigration, nationalism, and cultural identity. The novel's examination of the tension between East and West continues to resonate amid ongoing geopolitical conflicts and debates about assimilation and multiculturalism.

In academic settings, the novel is frequently studied for its postcolonial themes and narrative innovation. It also serves as a valuable resource for readers seeking to understand the human dimensions of political events, moving beyond headlines to explore the lived realities of individuals caught between worlds.

The reluctant fundamentalist by Mohsin Hamid ultimately challenges readers to confront uncomfortable truths about fear, belonging, and the consequences of global politics on personal identity. Its enduring impact lies in its capacity to provoke reflection and dialogue, marking it as a significant contribution to contemporary literature.

The Reluctant Fundamentalist By Mohsin Hamid

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the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: Neap Tony Thompson, 2010 the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: The Reluctant Fundamentalist Mira Nair, 2013-04-15 Based on the bestselling novel by Mohsin Hamid Internationally acclaimed director

Mira Nair offers the reader an exclusive behind-the-scenes look into the creation of her most ambitious film yet: The Reluctant Fundamentalist. Covering every aspect of the film-making process, this magnificently designed film book comprises an incredible array of images as well as short essays by those involved in the film-making process. Mira Nair discusses how the novel was turned into a screenplay; Mohsin Hamid reminisces about his first experience on a film set; production designer Michael Carlin recounts the thrill of transforming Old Delhi into contemporary Lahore; lead actor Riz Ahmed reveals how he got under the skin of his character Changez; and editor Shimit Amin demystifies some of his tricks on the editing table. This book also features a series of gorgeous black-and-white photographs by celebrated photographer Brigitte Lacombe.

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: Mohsin Hamid, The reluctant fundamentalist Mohsin Hamid, Lisa Lambert, Andrea Schild, 2013-02

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: Bookclub-in-a-Box Discusses The Reluctant Fundamentalist, by Mohsin Hamid Marilyn Herbert, 2012-02-07 The Reluctant Fundamentalist is more than the usual immigrant book of adaptation, struggle, and identity. It is the gripping tale of a young man who comes to America from Pakistan just prior to 9/11. The protagonist, Changez, is a Harvard educated businessman who works for a high-profile company that assesses the economic value of other companies. Changez is very successful in his chosen career, but then September 11 happens and everything changes. The setting is Lahore, Pakistan and the tale is told by one narrator, that of Changez, as he speaks to a nameless and faceless American tourist. The narration takes place in the span of a single evening, in fact, during a single meal, and Hamid manages to swing the reader on a pendulum of conflicting emotions and thoughts. The Bookclub-in-a-Box guide explores a number of important questions: who is this nameless American and why is he in Pakistan; how can one person have equal love for two countries that are at odds with each other in culture and outlook; how does such a person come to terms with his two worlds; and what is the significance of the word "reluctant" in the novel's title, The Reluctant Fundamentalist. Every Bookclub-in-a-Box discussion guide also includes complete coverage of the themes and symbols, writing style and interesting background information on the novel and the author.

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: Der Fundamentalist, der keiner sein wollte Mohsin Hamid, 2017-09-19 Lahore. In einem Café sitzen sich ein mitteilsamer Pakistani und ein zurückhaltender Amerikaner gegenüber. Als langsam die Nacht über die Stadt hereinbricht, enthüllt der Pakistani immer mehr Details seiner Lebensgeschichte. Changez heißt er, und er erzählt, wie er als junger, ehrgeiziger Gaststudent nach Princeton kommt. Als Vorzeigestudent wird er nach seinem Abschluss sofort von einer Elite-Firma engagiert. Er stürzt sich ins pulsierende Leben New Yorks, erhält durch seine reiche Freundin Erica Zugang zu Manhattans High Society und wähnt sich auf der Seite der Gewinner. Aber nach dem 11. September fällt sein amerikanischer Traum vom unaufhaltsamen Aufstieg langsam in sich zusammen. Plötzlich erscheint Changez die Bindung an seine Heimat wichtiger als Geld, Macht und Erfolg. All dies berichtet der Pakistani dem Amerikaner, dessen Motivation an dem Gespräch im Dunkeln bleibt. Allein im Spiegel des Erzählers zeichnet sich ab, dass der grausame Höhepunkt der Geschichte kurz bevorsteht.

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: Religious and Racial Profiling in Mohsin Hamid's Novel "The Reluctant Fundamentalist" Muhammad Rizwan, 2016-01-20 Research Paper (postgraduate) from the year 2016 in the subject American Studies - Literature, , language: English, abstract: The focus of this paper is the plight the Muslims of the world, especially those living in America, face due to religious discriminations. This discrimination is the result of the religious profiling of the media and the institutions which are working to spread the ideology of the West to the rest of the world. Everything is under their control so they manipulate the facts. Many Asian writers have tried to portray the true picture of the scene but it remains a great crisis need to be resolved. This paper will examine the core issues resulting from the religious profiling with the references from the novel The Reluctant Fundamentalist, written by Mohsin Hamid in the context of post-9/11 milieu of the world, especially about the dealing with the Muslims.

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: The reluctant fundamentalist Houghton

Mifflin Harcourt Publishing Company,

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: Hybridity and Identity Crisis in "The Reluctant Fundamentalist" by Mohsin Hamid Rabbia Rani, 2021-03-19 Wissenschaftlicher Aufsatz aus dem Jahr 2013 im Fachbereich Soziologie - Individuum, Gruppe, Gesellschaft, , Sprache: Deutsch, Abstract: The focus of this research paper is to stimulate as well as evoke the study of theoretical underpinning of hybridity and identity crisis in The Reluctant Fundamentalist by Mohsin Hamid. In addition, the research also draws upon Homi K Bhabhas's concept of hybridity to trace their connection .The findings of this research throw light upon the interwoven pattern of hybridity and identity crisis. Thus, novelists exposed and expressed the conditions of identity Crises that emerged in postcolonial period. According to Oxford English dictionary; identity is defined as "The identification of an individual or a group or a nation in postcolonial terms as one notice easily is linked to the other, that means they recognize themselves us with the existence of the other. Otherness is a feature to recognize identity in postcolonial era in which also means it is twofold, both identity and difference, so that every other, every different than and excluded by is dialectically created and includes the values and meaning of the colonizing culture even as it rejects its power to define.

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: Terror and the Postcolonial Elleke Boehmer, Stephen Morton, 2009-10-26 Terror and the Postcolonial is a major comparative study of terrorism and its representations in postcolonial theory, literature, and culture. A ground-breaking study addressing and theorizing the relationship between postcolonial studies, colonial history, and terrorism through a series of contemporary and historical case studies from various postcolonial contexts Critically analyzes the figuration of terrorism in a variety of postcolonial literary texts from South Asia, Africa, and the Middle East Raises the subject of terror as both an expression of globalization and a postcolonial product Features key essays by well-known theorists, such as Robert J. C. Young, Derek Gregory, and Achille Mbembe, and Vron Ware

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: MOHSIN HAMID'S THE RELUCTANT FUNDAMENTALIST KEREN. SHLEZINGER, 2015

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: Clearing a Space Amit Chaudhuri, 2008 This book brings together many of Chaudhuri's best essays, written over the past decade in journals such as the London Review of Books and the Times Literary Supplement. Often beginning with the personal, Chaudhuri enquires into the nature of the secular in India, into the history of such categories as the West, the foreign, the global, and the exotic, and into the frequently torn and self-divided nature of modern Indian identity. Chaudhuri also makes a powerful case for thinking about Indian literature and culture in a way that departs strikingly from the parameters created since the publication of Midnight's Children and the consolidation of postcolonial studies. While his mode is broadly oppositional, it is also one of constant engagement with the positions he is arguing against.

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: Quicklet on Mohsin Hamid's The Reluctant Fundamentalist Elizabeth Shestakova, 2012-07-30 ABOUT THE BOOK "I wonder now, sir, whether I believed at all in the firmness of the foundations of the new life I was attempting to construct for myself in New York." Americans remember where they were on September 11, 2001, a day that has become a permanent fixture in the calendar. As retaliation for the attack the US launched a war in Afghanistan called "Operation Enduring Freedom" with the goal of dismantling the Taliban. Currently, the Afghanistan war has become America's longest war, even longer than the war in Vietnam. Given the duration of the war and how it began, it is surprising to note that many people in Afghanistan don't know why the war started. Considering that 42% of the population is under 14 and that 72% is illiterate, it's not surprising that this event doesn't register. In addition the scarcity of electricity, also explains ignorance of the event American "foreigners" call September 11th. As a result most people from Afghanistan don't understand why the U.S. invaded their country, causing more than than 12,000 civilian deaths since the war started. The disparity of the two worldviews continues to contribute to the tensions between the two countries. Similarly, the average American

knows very little about the Afghani people and the politics of this area. In an Angus Reid Public Opinion Poll half of American respondents said they don't understand what the war in Afghanistan is about. One of the reasons for this might be because the U.S. media doesn't focus on this war as much as on the Kardashians. This tension and lack of understanding creates a perfect opening for The Reluctant Fundamentalist by Mohsin Hamad to educate Americans about the other side. The Reluctant Fundamentalist is about a Pakistani living in New York who reevaluates his successful American life after the September 11 attacks. The book's main advantage is that it is so topical. Given the heavy involvement of the U.S. in the Middle East, as well as neighbouring Afghanistan and Pakistan, it seems no region is more important to American welfare. EXCERPT FROM THE BOOK "Students like me were given visas and scholarships, complete financial aid, mind you and invited into the ranks of the meritocracy. In return we were expected to contribute our talents to your society, the society we were joining. And for the most part we were happy to do so. I certainly was, at least at first." (pg.4) It is worth describing the author's background, which can be found on his website, because it bears many similarities to the main character of the novel, Changez. From the ages of 9 to 18, the author lived in Lahore, Pakistan. Hamid studied at Princeton University and graduated summa cum laude. He then went Harvard Law School. Upon graduation he got a job at the elite McKinsey and Company and used his free time to complete his first novel. This novel, Moth Smoke, took seven years to complete, but became a bestseller in India and Pakistan. The Reluctant Fundamentalist is his second book and also took seven years to complete. On BBC Radio Hamid explains that the reason it took him so long to write both books is that he is figuring them out as he writes them. Quicklet on Mohsin Hamid's The Reluctant Fundamentalist The Reluctant Fundamentalist is the story of Changez who comes from Pakistan to study at Princeton University. At Princeton he excels and is rewarded with a job at the prestigious valuation firm "Ultrawood Samson." He uses his sign on bonus to pay for a trip to Greece with his classmates. In Greece he falls in love with an all American girl named Erica. He is attracted to her beauty and she is attracted to his old fashioned manners. As he gets to know her Changez finds out that her ex boyfriend, Chris, died of lung cancer a year earlier.

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: A Foreigner Carrying in the Crook of His Arm a Tiny Bomb Amitava Kumar, 2010-06-10 Part reportage and part protest, an inquiry into the cultural logic and global repercussions of the war on terror, with particular focus on the United States and India.

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: Das Imaginäre der Nation Katharina Grabbe, Sigrid G. Köhler, Martina Wagner-Egelhaaf, 2014-03-15 Vielfach ist die Rede davon, dass im Zeitalter der Globalisierung das Konzept der Nation ausgedient habe. Die politischen Realitäten aber sprechen eine andere Sprache. Immer noch werden im Namen der Nation Kriege geführt, weiterhin drohen transnationale Verbünde an nationalen Eigeninteressen zu scheitern. Die Frage nach Nation und Nationalismus ist bisher eher von politik- und geschichtswissenschaftlicher Seite diskutiert worden. Wenn es allerdings um die imaginäre Seite nationaler Selbstkonstruktionen und ihre kulturellen Dynamiken geht, können jedoch, wie der Band eindrücklich zeigt, Literatur-, Filmund Kulturwissenschaft entscheidende kritische Beiträge leisten.

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perfidy of the terrorists, these writers and filmmakers confront the unspeakable by attempting to see the world from the terrorist's perspective and by examining the roots of terrorist violence.

the reluctant fundamentalist by mohsin hamid: Islamophobia in the american literature and Culture post 9/11 Alexander Strzyzewski, 2013-07-22 Studienarbeit aus dem Jahr 2013 im Fachbereich Amerikanistik - Literatur, , Sprache: Deutsch, Abstract: America is undoubtedly one of the biggest players in international politics and foreign affairs. Its military involvement in the Fight for Freedom in Iraq and Afghanistan has cost America much international reputation though. In a poll, conducted by The BBC in 2007, America was ranked fourth in the list of the most unpopular countries in the world, with worldviews continuing to worsen. Only Israel, Iran and North Korea turned out to have an even worse reputation in the public eye. But how come? America has always pictured itself as the pioneer of freedom, the beacon of human rights and the figurehead of righteousness and humanity in the fight against al-Qaida. However, this freedom and the human rights that America proclaims to stand for have slowly been falling apart since 9/11. The image of the American dream or the city upon a hill is crumbling under the weight of America's foreign policies, post-9/11 law enforcement and public scaremongering of people perceived Arab. These circumstances raise a significant question: Where does America's fear and hatred toward Islam (Islamophobia) come from? As a matter of fact, after 9/11, America faced an increasing trend towards Islamophobia and otherization of Muslim and Arab American, which is still ongoing. Statics show that in the months following 9/11 hate crimes against Muslims and people perceived to be Arab increased to 40 times their pre-9/11 number. Public and workplace discrimination against Muslims had already quadrupled a year after 9/11. The scaremongering of Arabs as the "terrorist among us" was also greatly fueled by media representations and new laws, such as the USA PATRIOT ACT that legalized interventions with civil law of alleged Arabs and Arab-Americans and thus legitimized public racism. The fear of Islam led to discrimination, otherization a random detentions and deportations of many Arabs and Muslims. This public hysteria, fueled by propagandist media representation, increased the already pre-existing negative stereotypes of Arabs and Muslims.

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