

procopius history of the wars

Procopius History of the Wars: Unveiling the Chronicles of Byzantine Warfare

procopius history of the wars stands as one of the most significant historical records from the Byzantine Empire, offering an unparalleled window into the military and political landscape of the 6th century. If you have ever been fascinated by the intricacies of early Byzantine warfare, the reign of Emperor Justinian, or the complexities of the Eastern Roman Empire, then Procopius's work is essential reading. This monumental piece not only narrates battles and campaigns but also sheds light on the personalities, strategies, and cultural contexts of the time.

In this article, we will explore the essence of Procopius's History of the Wars, delve into its historical importance, and understand why it remains a crucial source for historians and enthusiasts alike.

Who Was Procopius and Why Is His Work Important?

Procopius of Caesarea was a prominent Byzantine scholar and historian who lived during the reign of Emperor Justinian I in the 6th century AD. Often regarded as the last major historian of the ancient world, Procopius was an eyewitness to many events he described, giving his accounts a degree of authenticity and vividness that few other historians of his era could match.

His magnum opus, commonly referred to as the History of the Wars (Latin: **Historiae**, Greek: **Περὶ πολέμων**), chronicles the military conflicts between the Byzantine Empire and its adversaries. This includes detailed descriptions of the Gothic War in Italy, the Vandalic War in North Africa, the Persian Wars in the East, and numerous other skirmishes and sieges.

The Scope of the History of the Wars

Procopius's work is divided into eight books:

- Books 1-2:** Cover the Persian Wars, focusing on the ongoing struggle between Byzantium and the Sassanian Persian Empire.
- Books 3-4:** Detail the Vandalic War, including the Byzantine campaign to reclaim North Africa from the Vandals.
- Books 5-7:** Narrate the Gothic War, one of the most prolonged and devastating conflicts, chronicling the Byzantine efforts to recapture the Italian Peninsula.
- Book 8:** Describes various military operations in different regions, including the Balkans and other frontier zones.

Each section provides not only tactical and strategic military details but also insights into the political motivations and social consequences of war during this transformative period.

What Makes Procopius's History of the Wars Unique?

One of the most remarkable aspects of Procopius's History of the Wars is the blend of detailed military reportage with keen observations of political intrigue and human nature. Unlike many ancient historians who focused purely on glorifying battles or rulers, Procopius often reveals the complexities and contradictions of his subjects.

An Eyewitness Perspective

Procopius served as an advisor and secretary to the general Belisarius, one of Justinian's most trusted commanders. Because of this connection, Procopius had firsthand access to military campaigns and inner court affairs. His accounts sometimes read almost like a diary or a military dispatch, providing an immediacy and authenticity that enrich the narrative.

The Balance of Praise and Criticism

While Procopius generally praises Belisarius's leadership and the military prowess of the Byzantine Empire, his work also contains subtle critiques and moments of skepticism. This balanced approach adds depth to his historical writing, making it more credible and nuanced.

Interestingly, Procopius also authored the notorious **Secret History** (**Anecdota**), where he starkly criticizes Emperor Justinian and his wife Theodora. This duality shows that Procopius was not merely a propagandist but a complex historian willing to expose uncomfortable truths.

Historical Context: Understanding the Byzantine Empire through Procopius

To fully appreciate the History of the Wars, it helps to understand the broader historical context in which Procopius wrote. The 6th century was a period of transition and upheaval for the Eastern Roman Empire, often called the Byzantine Empire.

The Justinian Era: Ambition and Conflict

Emperor Justinian I (527–565 AD) aimed to restore the Roman Empire's former glory by reclaiming lost western territories. His ambitious military campaigns sought to subdue the Vandals in North Africa and the Ostrogoths in Italy, among others. These wars were not only military ventures but also attempts to reassert Roman authority and influence across the Mediterranean.

Procopius's *History of the Wars* is a direct reflection of this era's dynamism – showcasing the clash between old Roman traditions and the emerging Byzantine identity, the challenges of governing a vast empire, and the constant threat from external enemies.

The Impact of Warfare on Society and Culture

Beyond military tactics and battles, Procopius's work offers glimpses into the impact of war on civilian populations, urban centers, and cultural life. The sieges, destruction of cities, displacement of peoples, and economic strains documented in the *History of the Wars* help historians piece together the societal disruptions that shaped the late antique world.

Key Themes Explored in Procopius History of the Wars

Several recurring themes make Procopius's *History of the Wars* a rich resource for understanding Byzantine history and military affairs:

- **Leadership and Strategy:** The text examines the qualities of leadership, the importance of military strategy, and the role of individual commanders like Belisarius and Narses.
- **Imperial Ambition:** Procopius illustrates how imperial goals drove military campaigns and affected diplomatic relations.
- **War and Religion:** The interplay between religious motivations, such as the spread of Christianity, and warfare is evident throughout the narrative.
- **Political Intrigue:** Court politics, betrayals, and alliances play a significant role in shaping the outcomes of wars.

Understanding these themes allows readers to appreciate the complexity of Procopius's historical vision beyond mere chronicles of battles.

How Modern Historians Use Procopius History of the Wars

Today, Procopius remains a cornerstone for scholars studying the Byzantine Empire and late antiquity. His detailed descriptions serve as primary source material for reconstructing military campaigns, political developments, and even social conditions of the 6th century.

Analyzing Military Techniques and Innovations

Military historians examine Procopius's accounts to better understand Byzantine tactics, siegecraft, and army organization. His narratives reveal how the Byzantines adapted Roman military traditions to new enemies and changing circumstances.

Cross-Referencing with Archaeology and Other Sources

While Procopius provides rich literary evidence, historians often cross-reference his work with archaeological findings, inscriptions, and other contemporary accounts to build a fuller picture of the period. This helps confirm certain events and clarify ambiguities in his text.

Interpreting Bias and Perspective

Since Procopius was closely linked to the imperial court and military leadership, scholars critically assess his potential biases. Comparing the History of the Wars with his Secret History allows a more balanced understanding of his perspectives and motivations.

Tips for Reading Procopius History of the Wars

If you decide to dive into Procopius's History of the Wars, here are some helpful tips to enhance your reading experience:

- **Choose a good translation:** Some editions provide useful annotations and introductions that help contextualize the text.
- **Keep historical context in mind:** Familiarize yourself with the broader history of the Byzantine Empire to better grasp the significance of events.

- **Focus on key figures:** Understanding the roles of Justinian, Belisarius, and other leaders will enrich your comprehension of the narrative.
- **Be mindful of the style:** Procopius's writing can be dense and detailed; take your time to absorb the information.

Approaching the text with patience and curiosity will reveal the fascinating world of Byzantine warfare and politics.

Procopius's *History of the Wars* remains more than just a chronicle of battles; it is a vivid tapestry weaving together military action, political drama, and cultural transformation. Even after more than a millennium and a half, it continues to captivate readers and scholars, preserving the legacy of an empire striving to reclaim its ancient power and navigate a turbulent world. Whether you are a history buff, student, or casual reader, exploring this monumental work offers invaluable insights into one of the most dynamic periods of late antiquity.

Frequently Asked Questions

Who was Procopius and what is the significance of his work 'History of the Wars'?

Procopius was a prominent Byzantine historian of the 6th century, known for his detailed accounts of the reign of Emperor Justinian I. 'History of the Wars' is significant because it provides a comprehensive narrative of the military campaigns and conflicts involving the Byzantine Empire during Justinian's reign, offering valuable insights into the political and military history of that era.

What are the main sections or books within Procopius' 'History of the Wars'?

Procopius' 'History of the Wars' is divided into several sections, including the Gothic War, the Vandalic War, and the Persian War. Each section details the respective conflicts the Byzantine Empire engaged in, describing battles, strategies, and key figures involved.

How reliable is Procopius' 'History of the Wars' as a historical source?

Procopius' 'History of the Wars' is considered a crucial primary source for understanding 6th-century Byzantine history. However, while generally

reliable for military and political events, some historians note Procopius' potential biases and his contrasting tone in other works like the 'Secret History,' which may affect interpretations of his accounts.

What role does Procopius' 'History of the Wars' play in understanding Emperor Justinian's reign?

The 'History of the Wars' offers detailed descriptions of Emperor Justinian's military campaigns, ambitions to restore the Roman Empire, and challenges faced during his rule. It helps historians assess Justinian's policies, military strategies, and the broader impact of his reign on the Byzantine Empire.

Are there any notable biases or perspectives in Procopius' 'History of the Wars'?

Yes, Procopius often displays a pro-Byzantine and pro-Justinian perspective in 'History of the Wars,' portraying the empire's military efforts positively. However, his tone can vary, and in other works like the 'Secret History,' he presents a more critical and sometimes cynical view of Justinian and his court, highlighting his complex relationship with his subjects.

How has Procopius' 'History of the Wars' influenced modern historical studies?

Procopius' 'History of the Wars' has been instrumental in shaping modern understanding of Byzantine military history and early medieval geopolitics. Its detailed narrative has provided historians with primary source material to analyze the military, political, and cultural dynamics of the 6th century, influencing both academic research and popular perceptions of the Byzantine Empire.

Additional Resources

Procopius History of the Wars: A Critical Examination of Byzantine Military Chronicles

procopius history of the wars stands as one of the most significant primary sources for understanding the Byzantine Empire's military and political landscape during the 6th century. Written by the historian Procopius of Caesarea, this extensive work offers a detailed account of the wars fought under Emperor Justinian I, encompassing conflicts with the Persians, Vandals, and Ostrogoths. As a critical piece of historiography, the History of the Wars not only chronicles epic battles but also provides insight into the complexities of Byzantine diplomacy, strategy, and imperial ambitions.

This article delves into the nuances of Procopius's History of the Wars,

exploring its historical context, narrative style, and enduring impact on the study of Late Antiquity warfare. By examining the text through a professional and analytical lens, we can appreciate both its strengths and limitations as a source, while recognizing its continued relevance for historians and military scholars.

Historical Context and Authorial Background

Procopius composed the History of the Wars during a transformative period for the Eastern Roman Empire, commonly known as the Byzantine Empire. The mid-6th century was marked by Emperor Justinian I's ambitious campaigns to restore the Roman Empire's former glory through military conquests and legal reforms. Procopius, serving as an aide to the general Belisarius, had firsthand experience witnessing many of the campaigns he recorded, lending his work an invaluable degree of authenticity.

The History of the Wars is divided into multiple books, each addressing distinct theaters of conflict:

- **The Persian Wars** – covering the protracted warfare between Byzantium and the Sassanid Empire.
- **The Vandalic War** – detailing the campaign in North Africa that resulted in the recapture of the Vandal Kingdom.
- **The Gothic War** – chronicling the struggle for control of Italy against the Ostrogoths.
- **The Wars in the Balkans** – dealing with conflicts against various barbarian groups threatening the empire's European provinces.

This structured approach allows readers to understand the scope of Justinian's military endeavors and the diverse challenges faced by Byzantine forces.

Literary Style and Narrative Techniques

Procopius's History of the Wars is notable for its blend of detailed military reporting and rhetorical flourish. His prose is often direct and factual, especially when describing troop movements, battle tactics, and siege operations. However, Procopius also employs vivid imagery and occasional dramatic exaggerations that underscore the heroism or treachery of key figures, reflecting the conventions of classical historiography.

One of the distinguishing features of the work is Procopius's tendency to contrast the competence and valor of generals like Belisarius with the perceived failings of others, including the emperor himself at times. This nuanced portrayal provides a layered perspective on leadership and decision-making during wartime.

Moreover, the History of the Wars is interspersed with ethnographic observations, offering descriptions of enemy peoples, their customs, and military practices. These insights enrich the narrative by contextualizing the conflicts within a broader cultural framework.

Reliability and Bias in Procopius's Account

While Procopius's proximity to events enhances the credibility of his History of the Wars, scholars have long debated the objectivity of his reporting. His dual role as both court historian and critical observer introduces potential biases, especially given his complex relationship with Justinian's regime. The same author who penned the official histories also wrote the notorious "Secret History," which paints a far more cynical picture of the emperor and his court.

In the History of the Wars, Procopius often balances praise and criticism delicately, but some modern historians argue that certain battles or political maneuvers may be depicted in a way that flatters imperial achievements or justifies failures. For example, the protracted and costly Gothic War is presented as a necessary struggle for reunification, even though it left Italy devastated.

Therefore, while the History of the Wars remains indispensable, it must be read critically, cross-referenced with archaeological evidence, and compared with other contemporary sources to construct a more comprehensive understanding.

Impact on Byzantine and Military Historiography

Procopius's History of the Wars has profoundly influenced the study of Byzantine military history and Late Antique warfare. As one of the few surviving detailed accounts from this era, it provides an essential foundation for reconstructing the operational art and strategic considerations of the Byzantine army.

The text also serves as a valuable resource for understanding the geopolitical dynamics of the 6th century Mediterranean world, highlighting the interplay between military action, diplomacy, and imperial ideology. Procopius's descriptions of siegecraft, naval engagements, and the logistical challenges of sustaining campaigns across diverse terrains offer rich material for military historians.

Furthermore, the History of the Wars has informed modern interpretations of Byzantine resilience and adaptability, countering earlier narratives that characterized the empire as a stagnant relic. Instead, Procopius's work reveals a state actively engaged in warfare, innovation, and empire-building.

Comparative Perspectives: Procopius and Other Historians

When compared to other historians of Late Antiquity, such as Jordanes or Agathias, Procopius stands out for his detailed military focus and eyewitness accounts. While Jordanes's writings provide a broader ethnographic and historical overview of the Goths, and Agathias continues the narrative after Procopius's period, the History of the Wars remains unmatched in its firsthand depiction of Justinian's campaigns.

Additionally, Procopius's influence extends beyond Byzantine studies; Renaissance and Enlightenment historians cited his works to understand Roman military traditions and imperial governance. His vivid storytelling and comprehensive scope have inspired numerous translations and scholarly editions, further cementing his legacy.

Challenges and Limitations in Utilizing the History of the Wars

Despite its wealth of information, the History of the Wars presents several challenges for modern researchers:

- **Chronological Ambiguities:** Procopius's timeline occasionally lacks precision, requiring careful chronological reconstruction.
- **Partial Coverage:** Some campaigns receive extensive treatment, while others are summarized briefly, potentially skewing historical emphasis.
- **Political Censorship:** As an official historian, Procopius may have downplayed dissent or failures to align with imperial propaganda.
- **Cultural Biases:** Descriptions of "barbarian" enemies sometimes reflect Roman prejudices, which must be contextualized.

Recognizing these limitations is crucial for a balanced interpretation of the text.

Modern Scholarship and Digital Accessibility

Recent decades have seen a resurgence of interest in Procopius's *History of the Wars*, fueled by new archaeological discoveries and interdisciplinary approaches combining history, military science, and literary analysis. Digitization efforts have made the text widely accessible, enabling comparative studies and enhancing its visibility in academic and popular contexts.

Online databases and annotated editions facilitate keyword searches, helping scholars trace specific events, military units, or geographic locations. This digital transformation aligns well with SEO strategies aimed at promoting classical studies and Byzantine history, ensuring that Procopius's work remains relevant in the digital age.

Ultimately, the *History of the Wars* continues to be a cornerstone for understanding the Byzantine Empire's military history and the broader dynamics of Late Antiquity warfare. Its detailed accounts, combined with critical scrutiny, allow historians to reconstruct a pivotal era marked by conflict, transition, and imperial ambition.

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procopius history of the wars: History of the Wars, Books V and VI Procopius, 2017-03-31
Procopius was a prominent Roman scholar who accompanied the general Belisarius during the wars under the Roman Emperor Justinian. Procopius became the greatest Byzantine historian of the 6th

century and he is often referred to as the last historian of the ancient Western world. Procopius's greatest work is History of the Wars which provides great detail of the Persian War, the Vandalic War, and the Gothic War. Books V and VI focuses on the Gothic War which was fought between the Eastern Roman Empire under Emperor Justinian and the Ostrogothic Kingdom of Italy from 535-554.

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procopius history of the wars: Procopius Procopius, H. B. Dewing, 2013-12 Procopius History of the wars, Books I And II With An English Translation By H.B. Dewing Procopius of Caesarea, AD 500 – c. AD 565, was a prominent late antique scholar from Palaestina Prima. Accompanying the Roman general Belisarius in the wars of the Emperor Justinian, he became the principal historian of the 6th century, writing the Wars of Justinian, the Buildings of Justinian and the celebrated Secret History. He is commonly held to be the last major historian of the ancient world. Apart from his own writings, the main source for Procopius' life is an entry in the Suda, a 10th-century Byzantine encyclopedia that tells nothing about his early life. He was a native of Caesarea in Palaestina Prima (modern Israel). He would have received a conventional élite education in the Greek classics and then rhetoric, perhaps at the famous School of Gaza, may have attended law school, possibly at Berytus (modern Beirut) or Constantinople, and became a rhetor (barrister or advocate). He evidently knew Latin, as was natural for a man with legal training. In 527, the first year of Eastern Roman Emperor Justinian I's reign, he became the adessor (legal adviser) for Belisarius, Justinian's chief military commander who was then beginning a brilliant career.

procopius history of the wars: History of the Wars Procopius, 2019-01-09 Procopius is known to posterity as the historian of the eventful reign of Justinian, and the chronicler of the great deeds of the general Belisarius. He was born late in the fifth century in the city of Caesarea in Palestine. As to his education and early years we are not informed, but we know that he studied to fit himself for the legal profession. He came as a young man to Constantinople, and seems to have made his mark immediately. For as early as the year 527 he was appointed legal adviser and private secretary to Belisarius, then a very young man who had been serving on the staff of the general Justinian, and had only recently been advanced to the office of general. Shortly after this Justinian was called by his uncle Justinus to share the throne of the Roman Empire, and four months later Justinus died, leaving Justinian sole emperor of the Romans. Thus the stage was set for the scenes which are presented in the pages of Procopius. His own activity continued till well nigh the end of Justinian's life, and he seems to have outlived his hero, Belisarius.

procopius history of the wars: Procopius Procopius (Caesariensis.), 1916

procopius history of the wars: History of the Wars by Procopius - The Persian War Procopius, 2015-02-18 Procopius of Caesarea was born in approximately 500. He is generally considered to be the last major historian of the ancient world. His works have given us a unique and intimate account both of the Roman Military and its Emperor Justinian. A native of Caesarea in Palaestina Prima little else is known of his early life, and apart from assuming that he would have received a classical Greek Education the rest is deduction rather than based on known facts. In 527, the first year of Eastern Roman Emperor Justinian I's reign, he became the adessor (legal adviser) for Belisarius, Justinian's chief military commander who was then starting out on what would become a brilliant military career, initially in the East of the Empire. After early successes Belisarius was defeated in 531 at the Battle of Callinicum and recalled to the Empire's heart in Constantinople. Justinian was without doubt clever but cruel. When part of Constantinople rose against him in the

Nika riots of January, 532, he sent Belisarius and his fellow general Mundo to repress them in a savage massacre in the Hippodrome - witnessed by Procopius. The following year Procopius accompanied Belisarius on his victorious expedition against the Vandal kingdom in North Africa and took part in the capture of Carthage. Procopius remained in Northern Africa with Belisarius' successor, Solomon the Eunuch, when Belisarius returned to Constantinople. Procopius rejoined Belisarius for his campaign against the Ostrogothic kingdom in Italy and was there for the Gothic siege of Rome that lasted a year and nine days and ended in March, 538. He witnessed Belisarius' entry into the Gothic capital, Ravenna, in 540. However at some point in the next few years Procopius seems to have been moved away from working with Belisarius. When the latter was sent back to Italy in 544 to cope with a further outbreak of the war with the Goths, Procopius appears to have no longer been with Belisarius' staff. Procopius continued to record history and his works are both insightful and clear headed, distilling the complexities of the times into several classic books. His death is thought to have been around 560.

procopius history of the wars: *Procopius (vol. 3).* c.500- c.565 Procopius, 1919

procopius history of the wars: *Procopius* Procopius (Caesariensis.), 1924

procopius history of the wars: *Procopius* Procopius, 1928

procopius history of the wars: *Procopius: History of the wars, Books VI. 16 and VII. 35 (Gothic War)* Procopius, Henry Bronson Dewing, 1924

procopius history of the wars: Procopius: History of the wars, books I and II. The Persian war Procopius, 1914

procopius history of the wars: *Procopius: volume V. History of the wars, Books 7.36-8 : the Gothic war* Procopius, History of the Wars by the Byzantine historian Procopius (late fifth century to after 558 CE) consists largely of sixth century CE military history, with much information about peoples, places, and special events. Powerful description complements careful narration. Procopius is just to the empire's enemies and boldly criticises emperor Justinian. Procopius, born at Caesarea in Palestine late in the 5th century, became a lawyer. In 527 CE he was made legal adviser and secretary of Belisarius, commander against the Persians, and went with Belisarius again in 533 against the Vandals and in 535 against the Ostrogoths. Sometime after 540 he returned to Constantinople. He may have been that Procopius who was prefect of Constantinople in 562, but the date of his death (after 558) is unknown. Procopius's History of the Wars in 8 books recounts the Persian Wars of emperors Justinus and Justinian down to 550 (2 books); the Vandalic War and after-events in Africa 532-546 (2 books); the Gothic War against the Ostrogoths in Sicily and Italy 536-552 (3 books); and a sketch of events to 554 (1 book). The whole consists largely of military history, with much information about peoples and places as well, and about special events. He was a diligent, careful, judicious narrator of facts and developments and shows good powers of description. He is just to the empire's enemies and boldly criticises emperor Justinian. Other works by Procopius are the Anecdota or Secret History--vehement attacks on Justinian, Theodora, and others; and The Buildings of Justinian (down to 558 CE) including roads and bridges as well as churches, forts, hospitals, and so on in various parts of the empire. The Loeb Classical Library edition of Procopius is in seven volumes.

procopius history of the wars: History of the Wars Procopius, 2007-05-01 The last major ancient historian, Byzantine scholar PROCOPIOUS OF CAESAREA (c. 500 565) traveled with the army of Eastern Roman Emperor Justinian I as a military adviser, and chronicled the wars he fought this is the primary source today of information about the reign of Justinian I. Here, in Books III and IV of the eight-volume History of the Wars, Procopius tells the story of the Vandalic War between the Eastern Roman Empire and the Vandals in North Africa. Journeying by land and sea, Procopius regales us with vivid tales of battle including the capture of Carthage, the famous ancient city and the Vandal capital at the time and of the intrigues and power struggles that dogged the emperor. Far from dry, this is a thrilling read, one that echoes of this still turbulent region today. Students of the history of the Middle East will be enthralled by this ancient work.

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Какво поскъпване очаквате на Миналата година в кв. Острец на Априлци мечката излезе на главния път. Бяха я снимали, един глупак даже я беше гонил с колата, тя тича отпред с 50 км/ч пред

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Телелинк Бизнес Сървисис груп АД (TBS От няколко седмици чета, че компанията Телелинк (и по-точно Телелинк Бизнес Сървисис Груп

Is Whatsapp web down? - Outline [Standard] Linear+ Is Whatsapp web down? 58.3k views How to Redeem BUDI95 Subsidy At Caltex, Petronas, Shell, Petron, And BHPetrol Dreame Unveils

Whatsapp Web não carrega as mensagens; o que fazer? O WhatsApp Web pode apresentar alguns erros de conectividade com o aplicativo para celular, e, assim, apresentar lentidão ao carregar as mensagens. A primeira sugestão que damos é

Tag: webwhatsapp - Fórum TechTudo Como descobrir qual celular estava conectado ao meu WhatsApp web depois que desconectei? Qualquer numeração do celular, seja IP, número do chip, etc é válida

Microsoft Community Microsoft Community

Whatsapp web nao mostra imagens enviadas ou recebidas. Galera, to com um problema estranho. No Whastapp web acessando pelo google chrome, nao consigo visualizar as imagens sejam elas enviadas ou recebidas numa conversa, vejam

não estou conseguindo gravar audio pelo whats app web Olá Bem-vinda à Comunidade Microsoft Windows Tudo bem, Andreia? Sinto muito que esteja tendo problemas para gravar áudio pelo WhatsApp Web, o app é bugado e não há muitas

WhatsApp Web: como entrar sem o QR code ou sem câmera? Galera, como usar o WhatsApp Web no PC sem o QR Code ou sem câmera? Meu celular quebrou e não liga mais. Como não consigo ligar, não tenho como pegar o código

Conversa não sincroniza no WhatsApp para Windows: o que fazer? Bom dia a todos! Estou com um problema muito estranho. No Whatsapp Web, somente uma conversa nao sincroniza. Inclusive, ela não aparece na última hora que uma mensagem foi

QR Code do WhatsApp Web não carrega, como resolver? Olá, meu WhatsApp Web não gera o QR Code. Eu abri o WhatsApp pelo meu PC e funcionou normalmente, mas agora ele fica buscando, não gera o QR Code e não aparece nada para

WhatsApp web sumiu do aplicativo; como WhatsApp no O WhatsApp web não aparece mais desde uma atualização do WhatsApp, vocês sabem como resolver isso?? Eu uso Android e aquele menu lá em cima pra conectar o WhatsApp web não

Meldepflicht in Deutschland - Die Fakten - Airbnb Community Bei Airbnb ändern sich die Bezahlungs- und Stornierungsmodalitäten bereits ab einem Aufenthalt von 28 Tagen, vgl. den Ratgeber Langzeitbuchung Es kann das reguläre

Tuto : La facture Airbnb : les obligations du loueur □ Votre voyageur Airbnb vous demande une facture, où peut-il la trouver ? / Est-ce à vous de la lui fournir ou à Airbnb ? Contrairement à une idée très largement répandue, la

Gelöst: Gibt es das Ausstattungsmerkmal Sauna? - Airbnb Warum kann man nicht gezielt nach Unterkünften suchen die eine Sauna anbieten?

Central da Comunidade (BrPT) - Airbnb Community Otimize seu anúncio Coanfitriã de Airbnb no Rio de Janeiro Olá! Me chamo Paola e sou coanfitriã de Airbnb no Rio de Janeiro. Tenho experiência na administração de imóveis próprios para

Gelöst: Minderjährige (17) wollen buchen, erlaubt? - Airbnb Hi Leute, ich habe ein Pärchen, beide 17 die bei mir das Apartment buchen wollen. Beide sind 17 Jahre Jung, darf ich das denn überhaupt? Und wie sieht das mit der

Gelöst: Unberechtigte Schadensersatz Forderung des Gastgeb. Airbnb behält sich das Recht vor, auf andere Weise Beträge (einschließlich Zahlungsforderungen von Gastgebern im Rahmen der Airbnb-Gastgeber-Garantie) von Ihnen

[Tutoriel] Comment choisir l'option de tarification - Airbnb Comment choisir l'option de tarification des frais de service Les frais de service sur Airbnb peuvent s'appliquer de deux manières : Soit vous les partagez entre vous et les

Mehrwertsteuer auf Übernachtung - Auf Rechnung aus - Airbnb Hallo zusammen, ich habe eine Frage zu steuerlichen Themen. Ich habe diese Woche einen Gast, der eine Rechnung benötigt, um die Übernachtungskosten als

Gastgeber verlangt Ausweis Kopie - Airbnb Community Hallo wir haben im April eine Wohnung für Freitag über Airbnb gebucht und nun verlangt die Gastgeberin Personalausweis Kopien. Angeblich um diese der Emigration Police

Dove trovare tutte le informazioni sul CIN - Airbnb Community Ciao a tutti, Dopo aver letto i vostri post e commenti, ho notato che il tema del Codice Identificativo Nazionale (CIN) genera spesso confusione, soprattutto su come e dove

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