

the go between lp hartley

The Enduring Charm of The Go-Between by L.P. Hartley

the go between lp hartley is a novel that has captivated readers since its publication in 1953. It is a haunting exploration of memory, class, and the loss of innocence, told through the eyes of a young boy who becomes an unwitting intermediary in a secret romance. L.P. Hartley's masterful storytelling and richly drawn characters have secured *The Go-Between* a lasting place in British literature, making it a must-read for anyone interested in nuanced historical fiction and psychological insight.

The Story Behind The Go-Between: A Brief Overview

At its core, *The Go-Between* is a coming-of-age story set in the English countryside during the summer of 1900. The protagonist, Leo Colston, is sent to stay with a wealthy family at Brandham Hall. There, he becomes the "go-between" for two lovers: Marian Maudsley, a beautiful upper-class woman, and Ted Burgess, a tenant farmer. Leo unknowingly carries secret messages between the pair, caught in the middle of a socially forbidden relationship.

The narrative unfolds through Leo's reflections as an adult, revisiting the summer that defined much of his life. Hartley's use of an adult narrator looking back provides a poignant meditation on the nature of memory and the ways childhood experiences shape our adult selves.

Themes Explored in The Go-Between by L.P. Hartley

Memory and Nostalgia

One of the most compelling aspects of *The Go-Between* is its exploration of memory. The novel famously begins with the line, "The past is a foreign country: they do things differently there," which has become emblematic of the book's reflective tone. Hartley delves deeply into how the past is perceived differently through the lens of time, blending nostalgia with regret.

Leo's memories are tinged with innocence lost and the bittersweet realization of his role in events beyond his understanding. This theme resonates with readers who recognize how childhood memories can be both vivid and elusive, colored by the passage of time.

Class and Social Boundaries

The rigid British class system forms a crucial backdrop for the story. The secret romance between Marian and Ted is fraught with tension precisely because it crosses social divides. Hartley's portrayal of early 20th-century England captures the strict codes of behavior and the consequences of defying social expectations.

This theme not only adds dramatic weight to the narrative but also invites readers to reflect on the impact of societal structures on individual lives. The Go-Between subtly critiques the limitations imposed by class distinctions and the tragedies they can cause.

Innocence and Experience

Leo's journey from innocence to experience is central to the novel's emotional power. As a child, he is unaware of the implications of the messages he carries, and his naivety contrasts sharply with the adult world's complexities. The unfolding events force him to confront adult realities, including love, betrayal, and loss.

Hartley paints this transition with sensitivity, highlighting the vulnerability of childhood and the inevitability of growing up. The novel's bittersweet tone captures the universal experience of leaving childhood behind and the enduring impact of formative moments.

L.P. Hartley's Writing Style and Narrative Technique

Hartley's prose in *The Go-Between* is elegant yet accessible, marked by vivid descriptions and psychological depth. His narrative technique, employing an adult narrator reflecting on childhood, allows for a layered storytelling approach. This dual perspective enriches the narrative, providing both immediacy and retrospective insight.

The author's attention to detail brings the Edwardian setting to life, from the idyllic countryside to the nuances of social interaction. His subtle use of symbolism and motifs—such as the recurring image of a cricket match—adds texture and meaning to the story.

The Significance of Setting

The English countryside is almost a character itself in *The Go-Between*. The pastoral setting contrasts with the emotional turmoil experienced by Leo and the lovers. Hartley uses the landscape to evoke a sense of timelessness and isolation, enhancing the novel's contemplative atmosphere.

The summer heat and the long days create a backdrop that heightens the tension and

intimacy of the secret affair. The setting's idyllic surface belies the undercurrents of social conflict and personal tragedy, making it a perfect stage for the story's unfolding drama.

Why The Go-Between Remains Relevant Today

Despite being set over a century ago, *The Go-Between* continues to resonate with modern readers. Its themes of memory, social division, and the loss of innocence are timeless and universal. The novel's exploration of the complexities of human relationships and the impact of societal norms remains relevant in contemporary discussions about class, identity, and personal freedom.

Additionally, Hartley's nuanced portrayal of childhood and the bittersweet nature of growing up appeals to readers across generations. The novel's enduring popularity is reflected in its adaptations, including a celebrated 1971 film directed by Joseph Losey, which helped introduce the story to a broader audience.

Impact on British Literature

The Go-Between is often cited as a significant work in post-war British literature. Its introspective style and focus on psychological realism influenced subsequent writers who sought to explore memory and identity in their work. Hartley's novel stands alongside classics that challenge the conventions of storytelling by blending past and present perspectives.

For students and scholars, *The Go-Between* offers rich material for analysis, from its thematic depth to its narrative structure. Its status as a staple of British literary canon underscores its artistic and cultural importance.

Tips for Reading The Go-Between

If you're planning to dive into *The Go-Between* by L.P. Hartley, here are some tips to enhance your reading experience:

- **Pay attention to the narrative voice:** Notice how the adult Leo's reflections color the story, adding layers of meaning to the childhood events.
- **Observe social cues and class distinctions:** Understanding the Edwardian class system will deepen your appreciation of the characters' motivations and conflicts.
- **Reflect on the symbolism:** Keep an eye out for recurring images, such as cricket, that symbolize innocence and social order.
- **Consider the theme of memory:** The novel invites readers to think about how the past shapes identity and the reliability of recollection.

Reading with these points in mind can transform *The Go-Between* from a simple narrative into a profound meditation on human experience.

Exploring Adaptations and Cultural Influence

The Go-Between has inspired various adaptations beyond the original novel, most notably the 1971 film adaptation starring Julie Christie and Alan Bates. The movie captures the novel's mood and themes with cinematic elegance, bringing Hartley's evocative storytelling to life on screen.

There have also been stage adaptations and radio dramatizations, each interpreting the story through different artistic lenses. These adaptations highlight the novel's flexibility and enduring appeal, reaffirming its place in cultural history.

Moreover, *The Go-Between*'s famous opening line has permeated popular culture and literary discussions, often quoted to emphasize the elusive and strange nature of the past.

For readers interested in exploring the depths of human emotion, societal constraints, and the complexities of memory, *The Go-Between* by L.P. Hartley offers a beautifully crafted narrative that lingers long after the final page. Its blend of nostalgia, social critique, and psychological insight makes it a timeless piece that continues to engage and inspire.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the central theme of 'The Go-Between' by L.P. Hartley?

The central theme of *'The Go-Between'* is the loss of innocence and the complexities of social class and forbidden love, as experienced through the eyes of a young boy who becomes an unwitting messenger in a secret romance.

How does L.P. Hartley use the character of Leo to explore the novel's themes?

Leo, the protagonist and narrator, represents innocence and the impact of adult secrets on childhood. Through his perspective, Hartley explores themes of innocence lost, the rigidity of social class, and the consequences of deception.

Why is 'The Go-Between' considered a significant work

in 20th-century British literature?

'The Go-Between' is significant for its nuanced portrayal of Edwardian society, its exploration of memory and nostalgia, and its critique of class divisions. Hartley's evocative writing style and psychological depth have made it a classic in British literature.

What role does the setting play in 'The Go-Between'?

The setting, primarily a country estate in Norfolk during the early 20th century, highlights the social hierarchies and cultural norms of the time. It creates an atmosphere of both idyllic innocence and underlying tension, reflecting the novel's themes.

How does 'The Go-Between' address the concept of memory?

The novel is framed as a recollection by the adult Leo of his childhood experiences, emphasizing how memory shapes identity and understanding. It shows how past events can haunt the present and how nostalgia can both illuminate and distort the truth.

Additional Resources

The Go-Between LP Hartley: A Timeless Exploration of Memory and Social Boundaries

the go between lp hartley stands as a seminal work in 20th-century British literature, offering a profound examination of memory, class division, and the complexities of human relationships. First published in 1953, this novel by L.P. Hartley continues to captivate readers and critics alike due to its intricate narrative structure and evocative portrayal of early 20th-century English society. As an enduring classic, *The Go-Between* remains relevant in literary discussions, especially for those interested in psychological depth and social commentary.

In-Depth Analysis of The Go-Between LP Hartley

L.P. Hartley's *The Go-Between* is often celebrated for its delicate balance between nostalgia and critique. The novel is narrated by Leo Colston, a man reflecting on a transformative summer from his childhood, during which he unwittingly becomes a messenger between two lovers from starkly different social classes. This framing device enables Hartley to delve into themes of innocence, betrayal, and the irreversible passage of time.

The phrase "the go-between" itself encapsulates both the literal and symbolic role Leo plays. As a child, Leo is manipulated into conveying secret messages, which ultimately lead to tragic consequences. Hartley's narrative technique—shifting between past and present—allows readers to witness Leo's loss of innocence and the burden of memory. This dual timeline enriches the narrative, offering a nuanced perspective on how personal and societal histories intersect.

Thematic Exploration: Memory and Social Class

A core theme in *The Go-Between* by L.P. Hartley is the interplay between memory and social class. The opening line, "The past is a foreign country: they do things differently there," sets the tone for the novel's exploration of nostalgia and estrangement. Hartley's depiction of the English upper class during the Edwardian era highlights rigid social stratifications and the constraints they impose on individuals.

Leo's role as an intermediary exposes the stark contrasts between the aristocratic Maudsley family and the working-class farmer Ted Burgess. The forbidden relationship between Marian Maudsley and Ted Burgess underscores the entrenched class barriers and the consequences of crossing them. Hartley's subtle critique of social conventions is woven throughout the narrative, illustrating how societal expectations can dictate personal destinies.

Narrative Style and Literary Devices

Hartley's writing style in *The Go-Between* is characterized by its lyrical prose and meticulous attention to detail. The novel employs first-person narration, which immerses readers in Leo's psychological landscape. This perspective is instrumental in conveying the complexities of childhood perception and adult reflection.

Symbolism is prevalent throughout the book. Objects such as the diary Leo keeps and the letters he delivers function as tangible representations of secrecy and misunderstanding. Additionally, the recurring imagery of the oppressive summer heat mirrors the tension and emotional intensity experienced by the characters.

Comparative Perspectives and Literary Significance

When contextualizing *The Go-Between* within British literature, it is useful to compare it with other works that explore similar themes. For instance, E.M. Forster's *A Room with a View* also grapples with class and social conventions, though Hartley's novel adopts a more introspective and nostalgic tone. Similarly, *The Go-Between*'s emphasis on memory aligns with works like Marcel Proust's *In Search of Lost Time*, albeit set within a distinctly English milieu.

The novel's influence extended beyond the literary realm, inspiring a critically acclaimed film adaptation in 1971, directed by Joseph Losey. The movie retained the novel's atmospheric qualities and psychological depth, contributing to *The Go-Between*'s enduring cultural impact.

Pros and Cons of The Go-Between LP Hartley for Modern Readers

- **Pros:** The novel's exploration of universal themes such as memory, innocence, and social division makes it timeless. Its rich character development and evocative setting provide a vivid window into Edwardian England, appealing to readers interested in historical fiction and psychological narratives.
- **Cons:** Some contemporary readers may find the pacing slow, particularly due to Hartley's detailed descriptive passages. Additionally, the social context and class dynamics might require background knowledge for full appreciation.

Relevance in Contemporary Literary Studies

In academic circles, *The Go-Between* LP Hartley is frequently analyzed for its narrative complexity and social critique. It serves as a case study in how memory shapes identity and how literature can reveal unspoken social tensions. The novel's treatment of childhood as a liminal space between innocence and experience invites interdisciplinary analysis, incorporating psychology and sociology.

Moreover, its focus on the consequences of silence and miscommunication resonates with modern discussions about the power dynamics embedded in language and social roles. As such, *The Go-Between* continues to be a valuable text in university literature courses and literary criticism.

The Go-Between LP Hartley remains a compelling study of the intersections between personal memory and societal structure. Through its layered storytelling and rich thematic content, the novel challenges readers to consider the lasting effects of the past and the invisible barriers that shape human connections. Its place in literary canon is well-deserved, reflecting both its artistic merit and its insightful social commentary.

[The Go Between Lp Hartley](#)

Find other PDF articles:

<https://lxc.avoicemen.com/archive-top3-24/files?docid=PxK75-7546&title=refugee-ar-test-answers.pdf>

the go between lp hartley: *The Go-between* Leslie Poles Hartley, 1997 The past is a foreign country: they do things differently there. Summering with a fellow schoolboy on a great English estate, Leo, the hero of L. P. Hartley's finest novel, encounters a world of unimagined luxury. But

when his friend's beautiful older sister enlists him as the unwitting messenger in her illicit love affair, the aftershocks will be felt for years. The inspiration for the brilliant Joseph Losey/Harold Pinter film starring Julie Christie and Alan Bates, *The Go-Between* is a masterpiece--a richly layered, spellbinding story about past and present, naivete and knowledge, and the mysteries of the human heart. This volume includes, for the first time ever in North America, Hartley's own introduction to the novel.

the go between lp hartley: *The Go-between* Neil McEwan, 1980

the go between lp hartley: *The Go-between* Leslie Poles Hartley, 1967

the go between lp hartley: *The Go-Between* L.P. Hartley, 2002-03-31 The past is a foreign country: they do things differently there. Summering with a fellow schoolboy on a great English estate, Leo, the hero of L. P. Hartley's finest novel, encounters a world of unimagined luxury. But when his friend's beautiful older sister enlists him as the unwitting messenger in her illicit love affair, the aftershocks will be felt for years. The inspiration for the brilliant Joseph Losey/Harold Pinter film starring Julie Christie and Alan Bates, *The Go-Between* is a masterpiece—a richly layered, spellbinding story about past and present, naïveté and knowledge, and the mysteries of the human heart. This volume includes, for the first time ever in North America, Hartley's own introduction to the novel.

the go between lp hartley: *L.P. Hartley, 'The Go-between'* Neil McEwan, 1980

the go between lp hartley: *Notes on L.P. Hartley's, The Go-between* I. Altena,

the go between lp hartley: *Brodie's Notes on L.P. Hartley's 'The Go-between'* , 1993

the go between lp hartley: *The Go-between* Leslie Poles Hartley, G. Blondeau, 1974

the go between lp hartley: *Notes on L.P. Hartley's The go-between* , 1976

the go between lp hartley: *The Go-between, by L.P. Hartley* , 1989

the go between lp hartley: *The Go-between* ,

the go between lp hartley: *L.P. Hartley* Neil McEwan, 1991 Author's life - Commentary on structure, style and characters - Hints for study.

the go between lp hartley: *Waiting for the End* Earl G. Ingersoll, 2007 *Waiting for the End* examines two dozen contemporary novels within the context of a half century of theorizing about the function of ending in narrative. That theorizing about ending generated a powerful dynamic a quarter-century ago with the advent of feminist criticism of masculinist readings of the role played by ending in fiction. Feminists such as Theresa de Lauretis in 1984 and more famously Susan Winnett in her 1991 PMLA essay, *Coming Unstrung*, were leading voices in a swelling chorus of theorist pointing out the masculinist bias of ending in narrative. With the entry of feminist readings of ending, it became inevitable that criticism of fiction would become gendered through the recognition of difference transcending a simple binary of female/male to establish a spectrum of masculine to feminine endings, regardless of the sex of the writer. Accordingly, *Waiting for the End* examines pairs of novels - one pair by Margaret Atwood and one by Ian McEwan - to demonstrate how a writer can offer endings at either end of the gender spectrum.

the go between lp hartley: *L. P. Hartley, The Go-between* Graham Handley, 1987

the go between lp hartley: *Developing Skills in Reading* Andrew Bennett, Clare Constant, 2003 In line with KS3 National Tests, this scheme aims to help students understand conventions of text types and how to write about texts; to equip students with skills needed for the five reading foci to be tested; give students practice in applying those skills; and provide guidance on the tests.

the go between lp hartley: *Hartley: The Go-Between* G Brown, 1993-03-23 This is a Bloomsbury Academic title. For our full Academic Catalogue, please visit <https://www.bloomsbury.com/uk/academic/>

the go between lp hartley: *Key Debates in Anthropology* Tim Ingold, 2003-12-16 Every year, leading social anthropologists meet to debate a motion at the heart of current theoretical developments in their subject and this book includes the first six of these debates, spanning the period from 1988 to 1993. Each debate has four principal speakers: one to propose the motion, another to oppose it, and two seconders. The first debate addresses the disciplinary character of

social anthropology: can it be regarded as a science, and if so, is it able to establish general propositions about human culture and social life? The second examines the concept of society, and in the third debate the spotlight is turned on the role of culture in people's perception of their environments. The fourth debate focuses on the place of language in the formation of culture. The fifth takes up the question of how we view the past in relation to the present. Finally, in the sixth debate, the concern is with the cross-cultural applicability of the concept of aesthetics. With its unique debate format, *Key Debates in Anthropology* addresses issues that are currently at the top of the theoretical agenda, which register the pulse of contemporary thinking in social anthropology. It will be of value to students who are not only introduced to the different sides of every argument, but are challenged to join in and to develop informed positions of their own.

the go between lp hartley: *Go-betweens and the Colonization of Brazil* Alida C. Metcalf, 2013-05-01 Doña Marina (La Malinche) ...Pocahontas ...Sacagawea—their names live on in historical memory because these women bridged the indigenous American and European worlds, opening the way for the cultural encounters, collisions, and fusions that shaped the social and even physical landscape of the modern Americas. But these famous individuals were only a few of the many thousands of people who, intentionally or otherwise, served as go-betweens as Europeans explored and colonized the New World. In this innovative history, Alida Metcalf thoroughly investigates the many roles played by go-betweens in the colonization of sixteenth-century Brazil. She finds that many individuals created physical links among Europe, Africa, and Brazil—explorers, traders, settlers, and slaves circulated goods, plants, animals, and diseases. Intercultural liaisons produced mixed-race children. At the cultural level, Jesuit priests and African slaves infused native Brazilian traditions with their own religious practices, while translators became influential go-betweens, negotiating the terms of trade, interaction, and exchange. Most powerful of all, as Metcalf shows, were those go-betweens who interpreted or represented new lands and peoples through writings, maps, religion, and the oral tradition. Metcalf's convincing demonstration that colonization is always mediated by third parties has relevance far beyond the Brazilian case, even as it opens a revealing new window on the first century of Brazilian history.

the go between lp hartley: *The Atlantic Companion to Literature in English* Ed. Mohit K. Ray, 2007-09 Intended To Serve The Academic Needs Of The Students Of English Literature, The Companion Is An Ultimate Literary Reference Source, Providing An Up-To-Date, Comprehensive And Authoritative Biographies Of Novelists, Poets, Playwrights, Essayists, Journalists And Critics Ranging From Literary Giants Of The Past To Contemporary Writers Like Peter Burnes (1931-2004), Anthony Powell (1905-2000), Patrick O Brian (1914-2000), Iris Murdoch (1919-1999), Grace Nicholas (1950-) And Douglas Adams (1952-2001). Over The Last Few Decades English Literary Canon Has Become Relatively More Extensive And Diverse. In Recognition Of The Significance Of The New Literatures In English, Special Emphasis Has Been Given On The Writers Of These Literatures. In Addition, The Indian Writers Writing In English Have Been Given A Prominent Place In The Book, Thereby Making It Particularly Useful For The Students Of Indian English Literature. The Companion Is Unique Of Its Kind As It Gives A Broad Outline Of The Story And Not Merely A Brief Account Of The Plot Structure Of A Literary Work So As To Enable The Students To Have A Fairly Good Idea Of The Story. Likewise, Before Getting Down To The Writings Of An Author, The Companion Provides An Invaluable And Authoritative Biographical Note Believing That An Author S Biography Facilitates Proper Understanding Of His/Her Contributions. On Account Of Its Clear And Reliable Plot Summaries And Descriptive Entries Of Major Works And Literary Journals And Authentic Biographical Details, The Companion Is A Work Of Permanent Value. It Is Undoubtedly An Indispensable And Path-Breaking Handy Reference Guide For All Those Interested In Literatures In English Produced In The United Kingdom, The United States, Canada, Australia, Africa, The Caribbean, India And Other Countries.

the go between lp hartley: *The Cambridge Companion to Harold Pinter* Peter Raby, 2009-03-19 Harold Pinter was one of the world's leading and most controversial writers, and his impact and influence continues to grow. This Companion examines the wide range of Pinter's work -

his writing for theatre, radio, television and screen, and also his highly successful work as a director and actor. Substantially updated and revised, this second edition covers the many developments in Pinter's career since the publication of the first edition, including his Nobel Prize for Literature win in 2005, his appearance in Samuel Beckett's play Krapp's Last Tape and recent productions of his plays. Containing essays written by both academics and leading practitioners, the volume places Pinter's writing within the critical and theatrical context of his time and considers its reception worldwide. Including three new essays, new production photographs, five updated and revised chapters and an extended chronology, the Companion provides fresh perspectives on Pinter's work.

Related to the go between lp hartley

The Go Programming Language Go is an open source programming language that makes it simple to build secure, scalable systems

Go (game) - Wikipedia Go is an abstract strategy board game for two players in which the aim is to fence off more territory than the opponent. The game was invented in China more than 2,500 years ago and

Play - Online-Go.com is the best place to play the game of Go online. Our community supported site is friendly, easy to use, and free, so come join us and play some Go!

The Go Programming Language - YouTube Welcome to the Go channel, where we hope to make you love programming again! Go is an open-source programming language supported by Google. Join our community and learn

Google Open Source Projects The Go programming language is an open source project to make programmers more productive. Go is expressive, concise, clean, and efficient. Its concurrency mechanisms make it easy to

Go by Example Go by Example Go is an open source programming language designed for building scalable, secure and reliable software. Please read the official documentation to learn more. Go by **Go (programming language) - Wikipedia** Go was designed at Google in 2007 to improve programming productivity in an era of multicore, networked machines and large codebases. [22] The designers wanted to address criticisms of

Get Started - The Go Programming Language Tutorials Getting started In this tutorial, you'll get a brief introduction to Go programming. Along the way, you will install Go, write some simple "Hello, world" code, use the go command to run

The Go Playground The Go Playground is a web service that runs on golang.org 's servers. The service receives a Go program, vets, compiles, links, and runs the program inside a sandbox, then returns the

Play Go at ! | OGS Online-Go.com is the best place to play the game of Go online. Our community supported site is friendly, easy to use, and free, so come join us and play some Go!

The Go Programming Language Go is an open source programming language that makes it simple to build secure, scalable systems

Go (game) - Wikipedia Go is an abstract strategy board game for two players in which the aim is to fence off more territory than the opponent. The game was invented in China more than 2,500 years ago and is

Play - Online-Go.com is the best place to play the game of Go online. Our community supported site is friendly, easy to use, and free, so come join us and play some Go!

The Go Programming Language - YouTube Welcome to the Go channel, where we hope to make you love programming again! Go is an open-source programming language supported by Google. Join our community and learn

Google Open Source Projects The Go programming language is an open source project to make programmers more productive. Go is expressive, concise, clean, and efficient. Its concurrency mechanisms make it easy to

Go by Example Go by Example Go is an open source programming language designed for building scalable, secure and reliable software. Please read the official documentation to learn more. Go by

Go (programming language) - Wikipedia Go was designed at Google in 2007 to improve programming productivity in an era of multicore, networked machines and large codebases. [22] The designers wanted to address criticisms of

Get Started - The Go Programming Language Tutorials Getting started In this tutorial, you'll get a brief introduction to Go programming. Along the way, you will install Go, write some simple "Hello, world" code, use the go command to run

The Go Playground The Go Playground is a web service that runs on golang.org 's servers. The service receives a Go program, vets, compiles, links, and runs the program inside a sandbox, then returns the output.

Play Go at ! | OGS Online-Go.com is the best place to play the game of Go online. Our community supported site is friendly, easy to use, and free, so come join us and play some Go!

The Go Programming Language Go is an open source programming language that makes it simple to build secure, scalable systems

Go (game) - Wikipedia Go is an abstract strategy board game for two players in which the aim is to fence off more territory than the opponent. The game was invented in China more than 2,500 years ago and

Play - Online-Go.com is the best place to play the game of Go online. Our community supported site is friendly, easy to use, and free, so come join us and play some Go!

The Go Programming Language - YouTube Welcome to the Go channel, where we hope to make you love programming again! Go is an open-source programming language supported by Google. Join our community and learn

Google Open Source Projects The Go programming language is an open source project to make programmers more productive. Go is expressive, concise, clean, and efficient. Its concurrency mechanisms make it easy to

Go by Example Go by Example Go is an open source programming language designed for building scalable, secure and reliable software. Please read the official documentation to learn more. Go by

Go (programming language) - Wikipedia Go was designed at Google in 2007 to improve programming productivity in an era of multicore, networked machines and large codebases. [22] The designers wanted to address criticisms of

Get Started - The Go Programming Language Tutorials Getting started In this tutorial, you'll get a brief introduction to Go programming. Along the way, you will install Go, write some simple "Hello, world" code, use the go command to run

The Go Playground The Go Playground is a web service that runs on golang.org 's servers. The service receives a Go program, vets, compiles, links, and runs the program inside a sandbox, then returns the

Play Go at ! | OGS Online-Go.com is the best place to play the game of Go online. Our community supported site is friendly, easy to use, and free, so come join us and play some Go!

The Go Programming Language Go is an open source programming language that makes it simple to build secure, scalable systems

Go (game) - Wikipedia Go is an abstract strategy board game for two players in which the aim is to fence off more territory than the opponent. The game was invented in China more than 2,500 years ago and

Play - Online-Go.com is the best place to play the game of Go online. Our community supported site is friendly, easy to use, and free, so come join us and play some Go!

The Go Programming Language - YouTube Welcome to the Go channel, where we hope to make you love programming again! Go is an open-source programming language supported by Google. Join our community and learn

Google Open Source Projects The Go programming language is an open source project to make programmers more productive. Go is expressive, concise, clean, and efficient. Its concurrency mechanisms make it easy to

Go by Example Go by Example Go is an open source programming language designed for building

scalable, secure and reliable software. Please read the official documentation to learn more. Go by **Go (programming language) - Wikipedia** Go was designed at Google in 2007 to improve programming productivity in an era of multicore, networked machines and large codebases. [22] The designers wanted to address criticisms of

Get Started - The Go Programming Language Tutorials Getting started In this tutorial, you'll get a brief introduction to Go programming. Along the way, you will install Go, write some simple "Hello, world" code, use the go command to run

The Go Playground The Go Playground is a web service that runs on golang.org 's servers. The service receives a Go program, vets, compiles, links, and runs the program inside a sandbox, then returns the

Play Go at ! | OGS Online-Go.com is the best place to play the game of Go online. Our community supported site is friendly, easy to use, and free, so come join us and play some Go!

Back to Home: <https://lxc.avoiceformen.com>